The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1868. NO. 36.

The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FALL OF 1868.

NEW GOODS!

NEW DRY GOODS!

NEW FANCY GOODS!

COMING!

COMING!!

COMING!!!

DAILY AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

Old Stand, No. 16 Fayetteville St.

NOTICE!

Our remaining Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

AT COST.

And less. Come and see for yourself.

Sept. 12-tf M. ROSENBAUM.

1868. FALL TRADE. 1868.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 1, 1868.

WE BEG LEAVE to inform our friends and the Trade that, having changed the character of our business, we shall deal this Fall in DRY GOODS generally, excepting PRINTS and COTTON CLOTHS.

We shall offer one of the most ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF WOOLEN GOODS, to be found in this market, consisting in part of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
ALL GRADES,
SATINETS, TWEEDS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
KERSEYS, LINSEYS,
FULLED CLOTHS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
PLAID DOMESTICS,
DENIMS,
STRIPES AND TICKING,

Also, a general stock of STUFF GOODS, and

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

of every description,

IRISH LINENS, WHITE GOODS,

and a very superior assortment of

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

All of which we will sell on the most favorable terms to CASH and prompt buyers. All we ask is an examination of our stock before purchasing.

Respectfully,

LUCIUS L. LANIER, } LUCIUS L. LANIER & CO.
JOHN W. SELBY. } No. 44 Balt. St., Baltimore.

N. B.—Orders will have prompt attention.

Sept. 12-1m

McCAULEY, FREELAND & Co.,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

HARGETT STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

25 Bags fair to prime Rio Coffee.
10 " Laguira and Java Coffee.
30 bbls Sugars, assorted grades.
15 boxes Soaps, assorted.
200 Sacks Salt.
10 bbls Syrup
50 kegs Nails.
10 " Horse Shoes.
10 boxes Axes.
1,500 lbs. Sole Leather.
500 " Harness Leather.
500 " Iron, assorted.
20 boxes Adamantine Candles.
30 boxes French Window Glass.
200 lbs. Putty.
5,000 lbs Bacon.
10 Gross Parlor Matches,
10 bushels Clover Seed
10 bbls. Soda and Butter Crackers,
10 boxes Green and Black Teas.

In addition to the above, we have on hand a large stock of Wood Ware, Hollow Ware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Confectioneries, &c.

We shall add to our stock at least twice a week, from our up-country Stores, supplies of

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,
BACON HAMS,
FRESH BUTTER,
EGGS, CHICKENS, &c.

We would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity to our stock, pledging our best efforts to please them in quality and prices.

Consignments of Produce solicited. Prompt returns made.

Respectfully,
McCAULEY, FREELAND, & CO.,
Grocers and Com. Merchants.

Raleigh, Sept. 14-3m

1868. Fall Trade. 1868.

BUGGY MATERIALS.

Springs and Axles.
Rims, Spokes and Hubs.
Enameled Muslin Drilling,
Canvas and Moleskin.
Dash Leather, Oil Carpeting,
Felloe Plates, Axle Clips, Carriage Bolts
Lining Nails, Tuck and Curtain Frames.
Blue Top Lining.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Sept 14 tf With Hart & Lewis.

Dupont's F.F.F. Powder.

100 KEGS DUPONT'S BEST F.F.F. G. Rifle Powder, for sale at lowest Market rates.

T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,
6 Roanoke Square,
Sept 5-tf Norfolk, Va.

GUNNY CLOTH, ROPE AND IRON TIES.

10 Bales standard Cotton Bagging
5,000 lbs. Jute and Flax Rope.
10,000 " Iron Ties.
500 " Baling Twine.

Which I propose to sell at a small advance on actual cost.

Sept 11-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

KRETH & WEIKEL,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

(SECOND DOOR BELOW NAT. BANK BLOCK.)

RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED, THE MOST CHOICE AND select Stock of elegant and fashionable Goods, (of the latest importations) to be had in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
GERMAN, AND
AMERICAN

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

All work executed in a style and manner equal to that of any first-class establishment in the country.

The latest Paris, London, and New York Fashion Plates just at hand.

Sept 9 3m

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10 THOS. H. BRIGGS, FAYETTEVILLE STREET. 10

JUST OPENED,

Another supply of the famous

"Lightning Apple Parers."

Call and see them.

Aug 13 tf

E. J. WARREN. D. M. CARTER.

WARREN & CARTER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WASHINGTON, N. C.,

WILL PRACTICE in the Circuit and District Courts of the U. S; the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and in the Superior and Probate Courts of Beaufort, Pitt, Martin and Hyde Counties.

Aug 19-3m

Lime, Lime, Lime.

400 TONS OF AGRICULTURAL LIME, which I will sell, delivered on board of the cars at Portsmouth, for seven dollars and fifty cents ($7.50) per Ton of 2,000 pounds. I can safely recommend this as a SURE and LASTING Fertilizer. Parties desiring to use this valuable Manure should hand in their orders at once.

B. P. WILLIAMSON.
Raleigh, Sept. 10 tf No. 4 Exchange Place.

TWENTY THOUSAND ARTICLES

FOR COST!!!

20 KEGS OLD COLONY NAILS—$5.75 per keg.
400 lbs. Horse and Mule Shoes—7c per lb.
20 pairs Hames,—cheap.
20 Horse Collars—cheap.
5 bbls. Molasses, good, 48c per gal.
1 bbl. Splendid Syrup,—75c. " "
A lot of Tin Ware.
Baskets, Brooms, Tubs and Buckets.
Trace Chains, Breast Chains, Hoes.
Spades, Shovels, Pitchforks.
Well-Buckets, Windlasses, Water-Buckets, &c. &c., &c.
1,000 lbs. Hams.
50 Sacks Liverpool Salt.
Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Rice, Pepper, Starch.
40 Sacks Family Flour—$5.50 per sack.

Come and see
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Sept 16-tf

WESTERN N. C. R. R.
OFFICE SECRETARY AND TREASURER.
STATESVILLE, Aug 28th. 1868.

ORDERED by the Board of Directors, that books of subscription to the Capital Stock of the Western Division of the W. N. C. R. R. be opened, by the following named Commissioners, for thirty days to wit:

AT ASHEVILLE, S. G. Kerr, E. J. Aston, N. W. Woodfin, G. M. Roberts.

WAYNESVILLE, Dr. S. L. Love, J. T. O. Wilbar, G. W. B. Garrett.

WEBSTER, W. H. Thomas, Hon. R. H. Cannon, Jos. Keener, Wm. A. Enloe.

FRANKLIN, A. T. Davidson, C. D. Smith, Leon Siler, R. M. Henry, Jack Johnston.

MURPHY, Geo. W. Dickey, B. R. Dickey, C. Mclane, Felix Axley.

JOY, N. Kelsey, Thos. S. Beaver, J. S. McElroy.

MARSHALL, W. W. Rollins, A. E. Baird, J. J. Gudger.

WARM SPRINGS, Jas. H. Rumbough, F. Lawson, Geo. Askew, G. W. Gahagan.

RALEIGH, G. W. Swepson, M. S. Littlefield, R. W. Pulliam.

STATESVILLE, R. F. Simonton.

BURNSVILLE, A. J. Roberts, Josh. Williams, Nat. Allen.

These Commissioners are requested to meet this Board with their books of subscription in Morganton on the 15th. of October next, and the new stock to be represented at the same time.

R. F. SIMONTON, Sec'y and Treasurer.

Sept 7-td

WINDOW GLASS!

FRENCH & AMERICAN.

We constantly keep on hand one of the largest stocks of Window Glass to be found in the country, and sell at the lowest market rates.

☞ Glass of all sizes cut to order.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
Aug 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

Received and for sale by
JORDAN & CARR;

Petersburg, Aug. 27-tf

GENUINE FRANCOIS MARIE, Farina Cologne, No. 4,711, just received and for sale by JORDAN & CARR,

Petersburg, Aug. 27-tf

STICKWELL'S Mucilage received and for sale by JORDAN & CARR.

Petersburg, Aug. 27-tf Druggists.

1,000 SEYMOUR & BLAIR BADGE PINS,

Just to hand and for sale cheap. Single Pins sent to any address on receipt of 20 cents. A Card of ten will be sent by mail, post paid to any address on receipt of $1 25. Write soon to

J. A. JONES,
Aug 24-tf Bookseller, Raleigh, N. C.

CORKS.—We have just received a large stock of

CORKS,

of all kinds and sizes, which will be sold at lowest rates.

JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, Aug 27-tf Druggists.

NOTICE.

THE NEXT SESSION of the NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND will commence on Tuesday, October 6th 1868.

Applicants must be between SEVEN and TWENTY-ONE years of age, inclusive.

All information in relation to the admission of pupils, &c., will be furnished, upon application to me, by letter or otherwise.

W. J. PALMER, Principal.

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 2-3w

For Sale.

300,000 SIX INCH HEART CYPRESS SHINGLES, delivered at any point on the N. C. Railroad. WALKER, FARRAR & CO.

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 20-1m

To Editors and Publishers.

THE UNDERSIGNED wishes a situation, in any capacity, at the printing business. The very best references given, if required, as to competency and character.

For any further particulars, enquire at the Sentinel office, or address, at Charlotte, N. C.:

Sept 8-d&tAw2t J. E. BRITTON.

NORTH CAROLINA PAPERS.

DAILY AND WEEKLY JOURNAL
WILMINGTON, N. C.

This is the oldest Daily in the State, a leading Democratic journal, located in the largest commercial city in the State, and is a large and ably conducted newspaper. Its circulation is extensive and increasing, and it is a capital advertising sheet. We have no better paper in the State. Price of Daily, $10 per annum. Weekly $3. Address ENGELHARD & PRICE,

Wilmington, Sept. 4 tf Proprietors.

THE MORNING STAR,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

This is a young Daily, still in its first volume and, by its sprightliness and energy, has a growing circulation. It is a warm supporter of Seymour and Blair, and is doing good service. It is a good medium for advertisers and merits the patronage of the public. Price of Daily $5 per year. Address W. H. BERNARD,

Wilmington, Sept. 4-tf Proprietor.

DAILY ROUGH NOTES,
GOLDSBORO', N. C.

This is a sprightly little Daily, and is thoroughly Democratic. It is located in the Cotton region of the State, and is a good advertising medium. It works manfully for Seymour and Blair. Price $6 per annum. Address

J. A BONITZ,
Goldsboro', Sept. 4-tf Proprietor.

THE SOUTHERNER,
TARBORO', N. C.

Our friend, Capt. Biggs, is giving to the public a capital Weekly, ardent in its advocacy of Democratic principles. It is located in the rich Cotton County of Edgecombe, and in one of the prettiest villages of the State, among an energetic people. It has a good circulation and advertising patronage. Price $3 per annum. Address

WM. BIGGS,
Tarboro', Sept 4 tf Proprietor.

SEMI-WEEKLY INDEX,
HENDERSON, N. C.

This is an excellent Conservative journal, conducted with spirit and energy, and well deserves the patronage of the public. It is located on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in a fine Wheat and Tobacco region, and is an excellent advertising medium. Its terms are moderate. It is now published weekly at $3 per annum, and on the 2d of October the Semi-Weekly will be issued at $5 per annum. Address

FURMAN & NEWBY,
Henderson, N. C., Sept. 4 tf Proprietors.

THE RECORDER,
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

Dennis Heartt, Esq., the oldest Editor living in the South, continues to publish the *Recorder*, and, though nearly ninety years of age, performs the duties of Editor and Foreman of his office.— His paper indicates the quiet, truthful and reliable character of its Editor. It stands up for the Constitution and the Union, and supports Seymour and Blair. Price $3. Address

Sept. 9-tf DENNIS HEARTT.

ROANOKE NEWS,
WELDON, N. C.

This is an excellent Semi Weekly paper, published at the junction of four Railroads. It is located in a fine corn and cotton country, and is well conducted. It is thoroughly Democratic.— Its circulation is good and it is a good advertising medium. Price $5 per annum. Address

STONE & UZZELL,
Weldon, N. C. Sept. 4-tf Proprietors.

WARRENTON COURIER,
WARRENTON, N. C.

The Proprietor, L. H. Bennett, is giving his readers a good Weekly Democratic Journal. It is located in an excellent Wheat and Tobacco region, and among an intelligent population. It is a good advertising sheet. Price $3 per annum. Address L. H. BENNETT.

Warrenton, Sept. 4 tf Proprietor.

THE TRANSCRIPT,
EDENTON, N. C.

This excellent Weekly has been revived recently and deserves patronage. It is published in a good Corn, Wheat and Cotton section, and in the midst of the best fishing portion of the State.— It goes warmly for Seymour and Blair. Price $3. Address WM. BRENAN.

Sept, 9-tf

THE PLAINDEALER,
WILSON, N. C.

The Proprietor, C. S. McDaniel, Esq., is publishing one of our best Weeklies. It has a good patronage and is a good advertising sheet. It is located in the handsome, growing village of Wilson, and is a devoted Democratic journal. Price $3 per annum. Address

C. S. McDANIEL,
Wilson, N. C., Sept. 4-tf Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IRON TIES FOR BALING COTTON!
ARROW TIES,
BUCKLE TIES,
LOCK TIES.

THE undersigned are preparing to supply any of the above well known Cotton Ties, from stock in hand, or to contract for future delivery, in quantity upon favorable terms.

IRON TIES are superior to ROPE, as they cost less and hold the bale more firmly and securely, besides being a great protection in case of *fire*.

GILLIAM & DUNLOP.
121 Sycamore Street,
Aug. 25-1m Petersburg Va.

Office N. C. Railroad Co.,

COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., Sept. 15, 1868,

DIVIDEND NO. 9.

ON AND after the first day of October next, the Bonds, or scrip, in payment of the Dividend of six per cent declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, July 8th last, and payable October the 1st next, will be ready for delivery to the Stockholders, on application at this office, and receipt by them in person, attorney, or other legally authorized Agent.

By order of the Board of Directors, the United States tax of five per cent will be required to be paid by the Stockholders on their respective Dividends in money to the Treasurer of the Company, on delivery of said Bonds or Scrip.

Sept. 17-tOct.1 G. M. LEA, Treas'r.

Georgia Cotton Gins.

IN STORE, ONE OF W. G. CLEMONS, BROWN & CO'S Genuine Cotton Gins—40 saws. For larger sizes, orders are solicited at once.

Also, Agent for the old GRISWOLD GIN, which I can furnish on short time, at market prices.— Apply at once, to secure your Gins, in time, of the very best make.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 15 tf Ag't for the Manufacturer.

15,000 PETTEE'S PATENT ENVELOPES just received and for sale, at manufacturer's prices, by

J. A. JONES,
Sept. 8-tf Bookseller and Stationer.

JOHN ARMSTRONG,

BOOKBINDER,

AND

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,

OVER THE N. C. BOOKSTORE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Trial, Execution, Minute and Recording Dockets made to order.

North Carolina Reports and other Law Books, bound in superior Law Binding.

Missing numbers of the Reports supplied and odd numbers taken in exchange for binding.

Aug. 11 tf

Inks, Black and Colored.

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION of our brethren of the Press, we keep on hand, in kegs of 25 to 50 lbs, NEWS INK, at Philadelphia prices.

Also, in quantities from ¼ lb to 1 lb. or more, COLORED INKS. Also small cans of fine BOOK INKS. Forwarded by Express, C. O. D.

Aug. 8-tf W. E. PELL.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

Secure your Seed Wheat from the Genuine Bowden.!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a consignment of this noted brand of Wheat, which we offer for sale at a reasonable price. As our Wheat harvest has fallen far short of a general crop, it is to the interest of our Farmers to secure their seed from this excellent brand. Call soon at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

IRISH POTATOES.

A lot of large IRISH POTATOES on consignment at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Sept. 5-tf

ONIONS! ONIONS!

A large lot of Onions on consignment, at

Sept. 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

NAILS! NAILS!

Eighty Kegs Nails, at

Sept. 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

LEATHER! LEATHER!

Sole and Hemlock Leather, at

Sept. 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SNUFF! SNUFF!

One thousand lbs Egerton Snuff, at

Sept. 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

PARLOR MATCHES.

A lot of Parlor Matches, at

Sept. 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!

Genuine Cardenas, by the bbl or hhd, at

Sept 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CORN! PRIME WHITE CORN!!!

One Thousand Bushels Corn!!!

JUST RECEIVED, THREE LOTS OF

CORN,

Which, if taken from the Depot, I will sell

VERY CHEAP!!

For sale also, by RETAIL, at LOWEST MARKET PRICE, from my Store, on

FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Sept 2-tf

WHEAT BRAN.

300 BAGS ON CONSIGNMENT AND FOR sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Aug 7-tf Commission Merchant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

BALTIMORE, MD.

FACULTY.

Rev. Thomas E. Bond, M. D. President.

G. C. M. Roberts, M. D. LL. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

Charles W. Chancellor, M. D., Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

J. P. Logan, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine.

Harvey L. Byrd, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics.

Martin P. Scott, M. D., Professor of the Diseases of Women and Children.

Edward Warren, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.

John F. Monmonier, M. D., Professor of Physiology and General Pathology.

J. J. Moorman, M. D., Professor of Medical Jurisprudence and Hygiene.

Francis T. Miles, M. D., Professor of Microscopic Anatomy and Practical Physiology.

Joseph E. Cingett, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

Clarence Morfit, M. D., Professor of Medical Chemistry and Pharmacy.

John N. Monmonier, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The next regular session of Washington University will begin on Thursday, the first day of October, and terminate on the 22d day of February, 1869.

One *Beneficiary Student* from each Congressional District of the late slave-holding States is annually received, precedence being given to wounded and disabled soldiers.

The *Clinical advantages* of Washington University are unsurpassed. In addition to a Daily Clinic of the most instructive character, the school has attached to it a Hospital of its own, in which every possible facility is afforded for acquiring a practical knowledge of Medicine and Surgery. By a recent arrangement, the Seamen's Hospital of the Port of Baltimore has been placed under the exclusive control of the Faculty of this institution.

Anatomical material is abundant.

A prize of one hundred dollars ($100) will be given for the best thesis presented by a candidate for graduation.

Fees:—For Matriculation, $5; Dissection, $10; Diploma, $30; Professors, $120; Beneficiary ticket, $35.

For additional information, address the subscriber, care of Box 1,267, Baltimore, Md.

JOSEPH P. LOGAN, M. D.,
Aug. 26-1m Dean of the Faculty.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

IRON TIES vs. ROPE,
FOR BALING COTTON.

The New Orleans "Annual Statement and Prices Current" of 31st August, 1868, says:

"The marked success of iron ties, for baling Cotton, has so completely superseded the use of bale rope, that the supplies of the latter have been hardly sufficient to constitute a market, the receipts comprising only 3 310 coils against 25,100 last year."

IRON TIES in store and for sale by

GILLIAM & DUNLOP,
121 Sycamore Street,
Sept 18-1m Petersburg, Va.

Heron Mining Company,

RALEIGH, Sept 7, 1868.

ON SATURDAY, the 10th day of October next, there will be a general meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS of the HERON MINING COMPANY, at the office of the Secretary.

By order of the President:

Sept. 8-td W. S. MASON, Sec'y.

Apple and Grape Mills.

JUST RECEIVED, Another supply of sample MILLS, different sizes, and sold at Manufacturer's prices, with freight. Every Farmer should have one.

JAS. M. TOWLES,
Aug 21-tf Agent.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

NEW FLOUR.

A large lot best N. C., in quarter and half bbl. Sacks.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Sept 8-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

LEATHER.

Home-tanned, Sole and Upper.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Sept 8-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

TEAS.

Imperial, Gunpowder, English Breakfast, &c. Best grades, in quarter, half and pound pk'gs.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Sept 8-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CORN! CORN!

Sound, White and clean. Cheap to close consignment.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Sept. 8-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

SOAPS, &c.

Just received, a good supply of choice Toilet and Laundry Soaps and Benter, Wincher & Co's celebrated Washing Powders.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Sept 8-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

CHEESE.

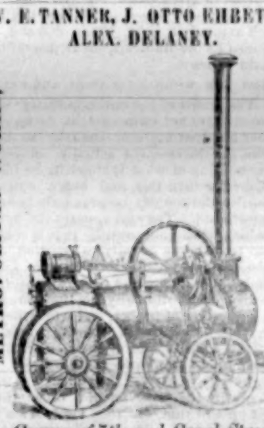
Another supply of "Elk Mountain" North Carolina Cheese. Choice.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Sept 8 tf Auct & Com Merchants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. E. TANNER, J. OTTO EHBETS & ALEX. DELANEY.

METROPOLITAN WORKS,



RICHMOND, VA.

Corner of 7th. and Canal Streets.

TANNER, EHBETS & DELANEY.

Stationary and Portable Engines,

BOILERS, BRIDGE BOLTS

AND

CASTINGS, FORGINGS,

IRON AND BRASS WORK.

Iron and Wooden Trucks for Cars. Improved Tobacco and all other kinds of Machinery built and repaired.

Aug 17-dtm.

Important to Magistrates, Clerks, Sheriffs and Others.

THE UNDERSIGNED have in press, and will soon issue, a complete and full

ANALYSIS OF THE LAWS,

under the Code of Civil Procedure, as passed by the General Assembly, relating to the duties of

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, SHERIFFS, CLERKS OF COURT, AND OTHER COUNTY OFFICERS,

together with the Constitution of the State, a list of the Counties as divided into Judicial Districts, the time of holding Courts in the several Counties, the names of the Judges and Solicitors of each Circuit, the names of the Clerks of the Superior Court, Register of Deeds, Sheriff, County Commissioners, Treasurer and Coroner for each County. This pamphlet will also contain the Fees allowed by the new law to the several officers, with some of the most necessary

Forms of Civil and Criminal Process.

The work will contain about 150 pages, and will be a most valuable book of reference for County officers.

Sent by mail to any Post Office in the State, postage paid, for $1 per copy. Address

NICHOLS & GORMAN,
BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,
Raleigh, N. C.

☞ The undersigned are also preparing, under the direction of a member of the Raleigh Bar, a DIGEST OF ALL THE LAWS CONCERNING COUNTY OFFICERS, WITH A COMPLETE SET OF FORMS, adapted to the new order of things. This book of some 400 pages will be published as soon as the final report of the Commissioners appointed to revise the Code has been adopted by the General Assembly. The plan and scope of the proposed book will be further laid before the public at an early day.

NICHOLS & GORMAN,
Raleigh Sept. 2 Publishers.

*.*State newspapers copying the above for one month, sending copy of the paper containing the advertisement to us, will receive in payment one copy each of the publications, as soon as issued.

INITIAL LETTER AND PAPER ENVELOPES.

A new supply just to hand. Call and get a box. A box of Paper and Envelopes with any letter on it, sent to any address on receipt of 75 cents.

J. A. JONES,
Aug. 24 tf Bookseller Raleigh, N. C.

Coffee, Coffee, Coffee.

100 BAGS RIO COFFEE,
30 bags Laguira Coffee
10 bags Prime old Gov. Java Coffee.

For sale by T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,
6 Roanoke Square,
Sept. 5-tf Norfolk Va.

Fine Salt!—Afloat.

1,000 SACKS FINE SALT, in large, well-filled Sacks afloat and daily expected. For sale low, if delivered from vessel at Rail road in Portsmouth.

T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,
6 Roanoke Square
Sept. 5-tf Norfolk Va.

INSANE ASYLUM.

Notice is hereby given to the public that the Insane Asylum is so nearly full of inmates, that persons desiring to send patients to the Institution, should first correspond with the Superintendent before bringing them to Raleigh, as they might thereby save trouble and expense.

Aug. 25-1m EUGENE GRISSOM, Supt.

LITERARY PASTIME.

No. 3 just to hand. Subscriptions for this paper at

Aug. 24-tf J. A. JONES' Book Store.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

Beautiful Imperial Photographs—Ivory Types of rare beauty and durability; Life-sized Photographs, colored in oil—the cheapest and best way to obtain a correct portrait.

Great inducements offered to those wishing pictures, frames, cases, &c.

☞ Old Daguerreotypes copied.

J. W. WATSON.
Aug 28-tf

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low.

April 20-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-tf

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,
STONE JARS,
JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.

Just received at

THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

July 10-tf

RALEIGH

SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to.

THOS. H. BRIGGS,
July 10 tf Proprietor.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs. Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.	Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

---

41 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 15-tf With Hart & Lewis

---

41 Fayetteville Street.

IVORY HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives.

Silver plated Forks, Dinner and Tea Spoons, Painted and Ornamental Toilet Sets.

Wire Dish Covers.

Kerosene Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

Best Kerosene Oil.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Aug 13-tf With Hart and Lewis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application.

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-6m 23 PEARL ST., New York.

BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
POSTERS, HANDBILLS, CARDS AND BILLHEADS, LETTER HEADS, BLANKS, &c.,

Printed in the best style and at the Lowest Rates, at

T. M. HUGHES'

JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

(OVER WILLIAMS & LAMBETH'S.)

RALEIGH, N. C.

Aug 20-1m

Agricultural and Horticultural Agency.

THE subscribers have opened an agency at No. 3 Bank Place, where they will furnish all kinds of

IMPLEMENTS,
SEEDS,
FRUIT TREES,
VINES, PLANTS,

Natural and artificial Fertilizers, books, &c. needed by the planting, farming and gardening community. They will act as agents for the various Agricultural and Horticultural periodicals.

WM. A. MANN & CO.
Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 24-tf

Charlotte Female Institute,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL, } *Principals.*
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130 per term of 20 weeks.

Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, extra, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-3m Charlotte, N. C.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

THE subscribers have opened an office at No. 3, Bank Place, for the transaction of the

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS,

In all its branches. They will buy and sell Real Estate in the State of North Carolina, rent houses or plantations, collect rents, &c.

Persons desiring to purchase, or sell or rent or hire property, should give them a call.

Attention paid to obtaining employers and laborers of all descriptions.

WM. A. MANN & CO
Raleigh Aug 24-tf

ATTENTION FARMERS!!
IMPROVE YOUR LAND!!

I have just received a supply of AGRICULTURAL LIME which is conceded to be the best article for composting known.

Aug. 29-tf THOMAS H. BRIGGS

5,000 LBS. WESTERN SIDES.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
Aug 3-tf

Mountain Butter.

ANOTHER LOT just to hand, in small kits, to suit families. Price reduced.

JAS. M. TOWLES,
Aug 21-tf Commission Merchant.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great Through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $49,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 S. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., May 28th, 1868.

On and after May 28th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9,15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2,40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10,35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3,45 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1,15 P. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	10,05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

JOHN ARRINGTON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

106 SYCAMORE STREET, PETERSBURG, VA.

Personal attention given to the sale of COTTON, TOBACCO, WHEAT, &c., and prompt returns made.

Liberal advances made upon all Produce in hand.

☞ Supplies furnished at lowest market rates for cash.

Aug. 8-2m

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Gen. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill, Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 4-tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will contract for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd "
100,000 White Oak " Heading,
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Bbl "
} *Norfolk Inspection.*

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19-tf Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WIND-PIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success to yield any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15 tf

NORFOLK FEMALE INSTITUTE.

A Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies.

Rev. EDWIN GEER, Principal.

THE next session of this School will commence on Monday, the 21st of September.

TERMS, per Session of Five Months, payable half in advance:

Board, including lights and fuel	$115 00
Elementary English branches	25 00
Higher English branches, including Scientific Course	30 00
French	10 00
Ancient Languages, each	5 00
Music on the Piano or Organ	25 00
Use of Instrument	4 00

Drawing and Painting at Professor's prices.

The Principal will be aided in the instruction, by competent and experienced assistants, and every effort will be made to render this Institution worthy of general patronage.

Reference is made to the Bishop, and the Episcopal clergy of North Carolina; to the Rev. N. A. Okeson, the Rev. O. S. Barten, and the Rev. R. Gatewood, of Norfolk and to the patrons of the Institute. For circular, containing further particulars, apply to the Principal.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 28-4w

COTTON GINS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, being Agents for the Manufacturers, are prepared to fill promptly orders for the well known

GEORGIA GIN,

of any size desired, at lowest prices, and on most favorable terms.

These GINS are well known throughout the Cotton Districts, and have never failed to give entire satisfaction.

Manufacturers GUARANTEE every Gin sold.— All sizes, from 30 to 50 Saws, now on hand and supplied at short notice by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO
Aug 21-1m Wilmington, N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$1.00
Six months	4.00
One year	8
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4.00
" " six months	2 0
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2.00
" " six months	1 0

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,
OF MISSOURI.

FOR CONGRESS,

HON. SION H. ROGERS, OF WAKE.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

HON. JAMES W. OSBORNE,
OF MECKLENBURG.
JOSEPH J. DAVIS, OF FRANKLIN.

DISTRICTS.

1st—THOMAS J. JARVIS, OF TYRRELL.
2nd—JNO. HUGHES, OF CRAVEN.
3rd—JAS. C. DOBBIN, OF CUMBERLAND.
4th—WHARTON J. GREEN, OF WARREN.
5th—M. S. ROBINS, OF RANDOLPH.
6th—W. M. ROBBINS, OF ROWAN.
7th—L. M. McAFEE, OF CLEAVELAND.

WHY DID THE WHITE RADICALS FAIL TO COME TO THE LATE RADICAL MASS MEETING IN THIS CITY?

There was one striking feature in the late *negro Mass Meeting* in this city, and that was, that, after all the drumming, parade, boasts, calls and exertions, that the so-called Governor and his understrappers, including the "carpet-baggers," could make, and the free use of money sent from Washington, and a shameless prostitution of the Railroads, controlled by the Radicals, less than *one hundred white men* attended the meeting!

Now, why did the white Radicals fail to come to that meeting? They had every facility the negroes had, and many of them had more money. Why did they not come? Those who *did* come, failed to participate in the processions and parades, with one or two exceptions. Why all this?

The reason is plain. The white people of the State, of all classes, including the *white* Radicals who have any self respect, are tired of and disgusted with *negro supremacy, equality* and *domination*. This is the explanation, and it must be manifest to this Radical "Governor," and his "carpet-bag" friends. Heaven hasten the day when decent white men in North Carolina will stand shoulder to shoulder to labor and make common effort for constitutional right and restoration of *true* government!

Cannot the poor, deluded negro see that a handful of mean, unprincipled, worthless white men, mostly "carpet-bag" adventurers, are *forcing* upon the people the issue:—Shall white men or black man rule? They will learn, too late, we fear, that they are but the dupes and tools of the most graceless set of scamps that ever cursed any country! Can't the negroes see that these white Radicals preach one doctrine and *practice another?* Tell us, negroes,—tell us, Radicals all,—why did the white Radicals fail to come to this meeting? They might have come and they were implored to come. The negroes came by the thousand, but less than *a hundred* whites came! Why did they not come? We have given the reason above. Do not the Radicals see the handwriting on the wall? Let them fear and tremble!

HARMONY AMONG THE FAITHFUL.

Our readers are already advised that a split has occurred among the "trooly loil" in the First Congressional District. C. L. Cobb, of Pasquotank, received the regular nomination, when French and his friends bolted, and *he* was nominated by the Leaguers. Both are holding on, as yet, and neither seems disposed to give way. Cobb, it appears, can not, because he is the regular nominee; French will not, because he is a carpet-bagger and only squatted in North Carolina for the purpose of using the negroes to get office.

In the 5th District, Windy Billy Henderson received the nomination. Whereupon, Tourgee, Dick and others bolted, in extreme disgust, and the former was nominated.—Billy can't back out, because he is the regular nominee; Tourgee won't, because he is a carpet-bagger, and only squatted in North Carolina for the purpose of using the negroes to get office. He is not satisfied with a Judgeship. He wants something that has more "pickings and stealings" attached.—A correspondent writes us from Greensboro', under date of the 21st:

"Tourgee spoke here on Saturday before the "grand mass meeting," which was a perfect failure,—not thirty negroes being in the procession. He denounced Henderson as a *liar and a thief!*"

In the 3rd. District, the nominating Convention meets to-day. Col. Dockery, of War renown, is already in the field, and, it is said, will "stick," though it is well-nigh certain that a carpet-bagger (French or Rutherford) will receive the nomination over his head.

A large Radical meeting in Richmond, on Monday night, denounced the carpet-baggers in the most unmeasured terms. Their own friends are beginning to find out their greedy and unprincipled designs.

From the Asheville News.

HON. T. L. CLINGMAN'S LETTER.

To the Voters of North Carolina.

(Concluded)

THE WHISKEY RING.

A reference to the Whiskey Tax will illustrate how this system is made to operate: It was estimated at Washington, that spirits enough were made in the country, last year, to have realized a revenue of one hundred millions of dollars, but, in fact, the Government only received thirteen millions, a little above one eighth of what it ought to have had.

It is ascertained that at many places the large producers paid but a small part of their tax—bribing the collectors to let them off—while very many of the smaller dealers had to pay in full. If half the tax really due was paid, the officers may have kept three-fourths, or thirty-seven millions, and paid one fourth into the Treasury.

Some of the Radical organs try to break the force of these facts by blaming President Johnson; alleging that he is responsible for the misconduct of his subordinates. But this excuse will not avail them. The present officers are Radicals generally, appointed by Mr. Lincoln. When the Radicals quarreled with Mr. Johnson, fearing that he would remove their friends from office, they passed an act of Congress over his veto, depriving him of the right to remove any officer. When an officer was, however, guilty of a misconduct, he was permitted to suspend him until the Senate might act upon his case. There was a man, named Callicott, in high favor with the Radicals. He was once a Democrat, but being a member of the New York Legislature, and the body being tied between the two parties, the Radicals, to get control of the Legislature and elect a Senator, bought this individual, by making him Speaker, and giving him a sum of money. Being their own property, he was highly valued, and given an important official position in the "Whiskey Ring." His frauds became so notorious that he was indicted in the Courts of the United States. President Johnson suspended him in his office, which was all that he was permitted to do, but the Senate was not then willing that such a pet should be sacrificed, AND WOULD NOT ACT IN THE CASE. At length his case was disposed of in the Court. He was convicted and sent to the Penitentiary. He lay there more than two months—if the papers of his State are to be credited—before the Senate would consent to his removal from office. In the better times of the Republic, what would have been thought of *such a case?*

The recent change in the tax on spirits shows the motive which governs the Radical party now controlling both branches of Congress. Every still now set up, whether running or not, must be listed, on pain of the owner being imprisoned and of paying a fine of five hundred dollars and forfeitures. Before he distils a drop he must pay four hundred dollars for a license; pay two dollars per day, and fifty cents per gallon. This tax will not be felt by the large operators, who make many barrels daily; but small distillers cannot bear it.

It will thus happen that large quantities of fruit which, distilled, might enable the people to pay their taxes, &c., will be lost. This arrangement was made at the instance of the large operators who wish to monopolize the business of distilling, and who could afford to bribe the members of Congress. The country will be flooded with adulterated Liquors, nevertheless.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM OF TAXATION.

The whole system of taxation, as now exercised, frightful as it is from its magnitude, is more oppressive from its inequality. During my whole service in Congress, fellow-citizens, I kept up a constant struggle against certain wealthy classes in the North-eastern States, who were continually seeking to shift all burdens off their own shoulders, and to make money through the action of the government. They seem, at length, to have consummated their objects, through the instrumentality of a pliant and corrupt Congress.

Tobacco and Cotton alone, of agricultural productions, are especially taxed, because they are mainly Southern productions. The culture of cotton had been so much crippled by the emancipation acts that it needed encouragement, but they preferred to *break a bruised reed!!*

As the cotton crop formerly furnished more than half the exports of the country, affording the means of obtaining foreign goods without the necessity of sending specie abroad, it was worth a hundred times as much to the country as the Codfish which they hire the New Englanders to catch, by bounties from the Treasury. A large production of cotton now would benefit not only the Government, but the whole country, South and North.

THE CONDUCT OF THE RADICALS TOWARDS THE MANUFACTURERS FULLY ILLUSTRATES THEIR PURPOSES.

Those Manufacturers have, as you know, always been clamorous for protection, in the shape of high taxes on imports from abroad. Their wishes have been fully gratified by the Radical Congressmen, and while the revenue from the tariff taxes is three times what it ever was formerly, the manufacturers are receiving proportionally more. On many articles the TAX IS EQUAL TO ONE HUNDRED PER CENT, and hence you are compelled to pay double the former prices for what you buy of the Merchant. There has, however, been imposed on these manufacturers themselves the small tax of *three* per cent. on their productions.

At the last session of Congress, they induced that body to repeal this tax, and relieve them of all share in supporting the public burdens. The Treasury in this way loses SIXTY MILLION dollars. ($60,000,000.) These people require that the whole country shall be taxed for their benefit from fifty to one hundred per cent., while they are not willing to contribute any part of their profits, and the Radical Congress has sanctioned their demand.

THE WEALTHY BOND HOLDERS PAY NO TAXES.

The Bond holders are another class equally favored. During the war the Government, to raise money, issued Bonds, bearing six per cent interest, which interest it agreed to pay in coin. The bonds were bought up by the Capitalists, in *some instances as low as thirty five cents in the dollar*. When the war closed, besides these bonds, the Government had outstanding large quantities of greenbacks, and other paper, *bearing* no interest. As it had no interest to pay on this part of its debt, it ought, for the sake of the tax-payers, to have been kept in that shape. They have, however, systematically converted it into these interest-bearing bonds. What would be thought of a man who owed a thousand dollars in such a form as that it bore no interest, who should voluntarily change it into a debt bearing interest, so that he would, in addition to the principal, have to pay annually sixty dollars, as interest?

Again, while these debts were in the shape of greenbacks, they rendered money plenty, and aided the people. Suppose, for illustration, that A has a thousand dollar Government bond, on which he is to receive sixty dollars annually, *in gold*. He will merely lay up this bond in his safe, receive his interest from time to time and no body is benefitted but himself; in fact the community is injured by having to pay the interest. His neighbor B, however, has one thousand dollars in greenbacks, and as he gets no interest on these, to make something he must put them in circulation among his acquaintances, by employing them to work for him, or by making purchases. In this manner the money is thrown into circulation, and the whole community is benefitted. The operation of the present system of the United States is entirely in the interest of the capitalists and against the people at large, who are suffering for the want of money.

THE RICH BONDHOLDERS NOT TAXED.

The Bond holders of the country, representing now a capital of more than TWO THOUSAND MILLIONS, are exempted entirely from paying a tax to support the Government. They merely sit and draw in their *interest in gold coin*. Their demands, however, do not stop here. They insist not only that they shall pay no taxes and receive their interest in gold, but that the principal of their debts also shall be paid in specie. This was no part of the original contract, and yet the Radicals say we are repudiators, if we do not pay them what they demand. Let us see, for a moment, how the whole case stands: A man who bought one of these bonds in the year 1863, paid for it about forty cents in the dollar, in specie. Since that time he has received regularly, in gold, six per cent interest on the whole hundred dollars. But six per cent on one hundred dollars is equal to fifteen per cent on forty dollars—the amount actually paid to the Government. In the five years that have passed this fifteen per cent. amounts to seventy-five per cent in gold, *or one hundred and five per cent in greenbacks* at the present rate. The bond holder, therefore, has already gotten, in interest computed at the rate of lawful money of the United States, more than he actually paid in gold. He insists, however, that he shall, in addition to this, receive as principal, one hundred dollars *in gold*, which the government never agreed to give him. If you have lent out one hundred dollars in gold the Courts hold that you may be compelled to take in return only one hundred dollars in greenbacks; but the bondholder, who only lent paper, insists on having the full amount in gold. This demand, sanctioned by the Radicals, the Democratic Platform opposes.

HOW THE WORKING CLASSES ARE CRUSHED.

The profits of the entire industry of the country are not estimated as being above four hundred millions annually, so that the sum the Government actually receives, to say nothing of what is stolen by its officials, is greater than this, and hence under this burden the country is gradually being impoverished. The evil appears the more appalling when you consider that this burden has to be borne by only a portion of the people. Suppose that a dozen soldiers, under the command of an officer, were bearing, with difficulty on their shoulders, a large piece of timber, and while they were moving forward with tottering steps, this officer, to favor four of the men, should tell them to get from under the log and leave eight only to carry it, and then, still further to gratify the four, should order them to get up and ride on the log? This illustrates the case. The manufacturers and the bondholders are *riding on the log*, and no wonder the Farmers and other classes are about to be crushed under the weight of the burden.

THE MONOPOLY OF BANKING PRIVILEGES—THE CAUSE OF THE SCARCITY OF MONEY.

Another gigantic system of oppression is to be brought to your attention. There is great and just complaint of the scarcity of money, not only in the South, but even in parts of the North. Formerly, when Banking was general, money could be borrowed at six per cent., and was thus thrown into circulation among the people. But lately a banking monopoly has been created, and only a few favored institutions and individuals are permitted to engage in the business. The so called National Banks obtain three hundred millions of dollars in the bonds of the Government, which rest quietly in their vaults and give them annually eighteen millions, *in gold*, by way of interest. Two hundred and seventy millions ($270,000,000) is furnished them in notes, by the Government, to bank with; and they, thus armed, can alone engage in the business. Having a monopoly they ask their own prices for the use of money.

I had occasion to inquire, not long since, into the manner of doing business of some of the institutions located in this State, and was told that they were charging for loans at the rate *of two and a half and three and a half per cent. a month*. This amounts to thirty and forty per cent. annual interest. At this rate, the whole of the principal will be returned as interest in three years. By this system and exorbitant taxation the whole country is being drained and impoverished, for the sake of a few wealthy capitalists. You know how little money there is in circulation among us. Not long since, a respectable and industrious man in Watauga, whom I know to have been anxious to work for small wages, *had his home place sold* for a balance of tax amounting to only THIRTY ONE CENTS. Neither he nor any of his neighbors could obtain that small sum, it not being in that part of the country. The tax gatherers are clutching every cent in many places. If now there were enforced on the people of this State, a general collection of the demands against them, it would be an easy matter for the bankers to buy up, not only whole counties and become Earls, but by purchasing entire Congressional Districts take rank as English Dukes and German Princes.

RADICALS MULTIPLYING OFFICES AND INCREASING SALARIES.

The Radicals in North Carolina are worthy disciples of those at Washington.—They have shown a wonderful genius for multiplying offices and increasing salaries. I have served in both branches of our Legislature, and was content to receive three dollars per day, but now, when times are much harder, our Legislators must have eight dollars, and all salaries and fees seem to be increased in proportion. It looks as though these Radicals throughout the United States had resolved that a favored few should suck the life blood out of the nation. The country would be utterly ruined by four years more of their domination.

THE GREAT NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY AND ITS PLATFORM.

The great National Democratic party antagonizes the Radicals on every one of these issues. Its noble platform, lately adopted at New York, declares boldly for a return to the system of constitutional government; condemns all acts *outside* of the Constitution, and pronounces all these military, *so-called governments* in the States unconstitutional, illegal and void. They declare for equal and moderate taxation, on all classes, including bond-holders and manufacturers. They are for paying all debts in the same kind of currency, diminishing useless expenditures, and relieving, as far as possible, the burdens of the people. The country seems to be coming up to their support.—Our adversaries see "the hand writing upon the wall," and made no attempt to justify their conduct. They then attempted to divert your minds from these great issues by appeals to prejudices. Why, both the old Whig and Democratic parties were in favor of constitutional government, and all our people formerly, whether called Union men or secessionists, were alike opposed to these outrages. Why, then, should we not combine as, to use an old simile, the Christian Churches do against the Devil, and make common war against this Satanic despotism and corruption?

RADICAL FALSEHOODS—NO DANGER OF WAR.

The Radical organs assert that if the Democratic candidates are elected there will be another war; and I have seen a silly falsehood in some of their papers, that I told Mr. Boyden I was willing to raise a mob and turn Holden out of office. The conversation was, in substance, thus:

Mr. Boyden was very denunciatory of the Democratic Platform and of Gen. Blair's letter, and asserted that if we succeeded in the canvass there would be another war, &c. I told him there was no reason to apprehend it; that Gov. Vance and his associates in office had been turned out, and no war had followed it. That after Holden's government had been set up by the President and Worth substituted as Governor, he had been displaced by military order, and no war followed; and if Holden were likewise turned out, no war would follow. No one supposed that Holden was more courageous than Vance or Worth, nor was he backed by as strong a support in the State. If, therefore, I said, the Supreme Court should decide these acts unconstitutional, as Mr. Boyden *admitted they undoubtedly were*, and the President with the aid of the army and navy of the United States, and backed by the verdict of the people, should carry into effect that decision, I saw no reason whatever to apprehend a war. And does anybody really believe war would result in the case stated?

Let us make the very improbable supposition that, in that event, W. W. Holden, or his son, Joe, or Judge Pearson, or John Pool, or A. H. Jones, should attempt resistance, could any one of them, or could they all combined, raise a single company in the State for such a purpose? Would the negroes, who refused to fight on either side during the war, now take up arms alone against the authority of the United States? You remember that the Radical delegates from the South at the Chicago Convention, when Grant was nominated, declared that if the Senate did not convict Andrew Johnson in the impeachment case, then pending, they would not dare to return home again. But the Senate did not convict the President, and yet every one of these fellows came back as quietly and with as little noise as frogs make when affrighted they glide into a pond. The allegation that these people, who could find no place to fight in during the late four year's war, will now, rather than give up their offices, make war against the United States, is an absurdity so impudent and laughable that it will impose on nobody.

RADICALISM WILL BRING ANOTHER WAR.

There is, however, another explanation of these cries about a second war, which is worthy of serious consideration. The Radical majority in Congress has shown itself to be reckless and unscrupulous. They openly avow their disregard of the Constitution. Finding, last winter, that the Supreme Court was about to decide that their reconstruction military acts were unconstitutional and void, a bill was passed through the House of Representatives declaring that no decision of the Supreme Court invalidating their acts should be binding, unless two thirds of the Judges concurred in the judgment. By the time, however, this bill reached the Senate, it was ascertained that at least *three fourths* of the Judges, if not all of them, would decide their acts to be unconstitutional and not binding on anybody. Thereupon a bill was passed rapidly through both Houses forbiding the Supreme Court to consider any case in which the validity of these reconstruction acts should come into question. Having already usurped the President's power, they thus attempted to destroy the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court as established by the Constitution. They have expelled individual members, and even entire delegations from Congress, because they were politically opposed to them. Their desperate action has created an apprehension in the public mind that if they are beaten before the people in the Presidential election, they will declare the election void, set it aside, proclaim their candidate elected and endeavor to install him by force. In that event they may produce a war, and possibly they are making their present clamor to prepare the public mind for such an event.

At any rate, they seem to be desperately bent on holding their places until at least they can extract from the people the last dollar they are able to pay. The Hon. Columbus Delano, the Radical Chairman of the Committee on Claims, in the last Congress, declared on the floor of the House, that besides the immense debt of the government recognized at the Treasury as amounting to two thousand six hundred millions, ($2,600,000,000,) there was a floating debt of four thousand millions more due to the loyal people of the country, not any part of it for slaves or for the destruction of *rebel* property. If this be true, the whole debt must amount to six thousand six hundred millions, ($6,600,000,000,) or more than half the present real value of all the property of the country. If the Radicals remain in power there is no doubt but that a large portion of this floating debt will be paid partly to the claimants and partly to the corrupt men who assist in getting the claims through. When attacked for these things they raise the cry of "copperheads and rebels," and boast loudly of their own *patriotism* and *loyalty*. Can a man only show his *patriotism* by plundering the public, and his *loyalty* by lifting money from the Treasury? Here, too, in our own State, the very men who, as members of the State Convention in 1861, voted us out of the Union and into the war then raging, and pledged "the last man and the last dollar" to its support, now denounce us as *disloyal rebels* if we oppose these Radical outrages. Look around you and see men who, in the beginning of the war, while it was popular, were raising companies, or lamenting they were too old to fight, urged the young men to volunteer, and who, after getting us all into the field, began to fire at our backs, and are now assailing us as a lot in rebellion, because we are in favor of returning to Constitutional government. There is reason, too, to believe that there is on foot now, originating with the Radical leaders at Washington, a gigantic plot to induce the negroes to commit so many outrages on the white people as to compel them to resist, and thus afford a pretext for the cry that the rebellion has broke out again, and thereby influence the Northern elections.

In spite, however, of all these difficulties, fellow-citizens, I anticipate the election of Seymour and Blair by decisive majorities. For twelve years I have regarded Horatio Seymour as taking the first rank among the statesmen of the country. Whether we consider his great talents, his extensive information and acquirements, his unblemished integrity, his irreproachable public and private character, his courteous, gentlemanly and dignified christian bearing, or the universal respect and admiration felt for him, he was of all men in this broad land the most suitable to receive the Democratic nomination. His whole history is that of a consistent patriot. Not harmonising in feeling with Mr. Lincoln's administration, yet as the Executive of one of the great States of the Union, he actually rendered more efficient aid to its cause in war, than any of the Abolition Governors were able to do. He quelled an alarming and dangerous riot in the city of New York without bloodshed, merely by the weight of his great personal character, as Gen. Washington did the whiskey insurrection in his day. I trust that he is destined by Providence to restore to the country such a constitutional system of government as Gen. Washington established.

Gen. Francis P. Blair, who occupies the second place on our ticket, is an able, talented, bold, brave, frank, generous and resolute man. He was selected as a Western man, and one who might best represent the army of the United States. Though he was one of the most efficient leaders in the war against us, yet we of the South were unanimous for him, to show that we entertained no ill feeling towards those who had bravely fought for the Union.

I will not close without a word to my Confederate comrades, some survivor of whom I meet wherever I may chance to move. It may be a consolation to you to know that every Republican statesman with whom I have conversed has candidly admitted that the conflict was inevitable, for they said the North intended to have slavery abolished, and they knew that the people of the South had too large an interest to surrender it without a fight. The true men of both sections came into the contest with a devotion like that exhibited by the twenty-four young men who, in the war between the houses of Saul and David, at the pool of Gibeon, fell by mutual wounds. We were beaten, but after a conflict of four years so conducted as in the opinion of our opponents to have been not unworthy of men, sincere, brave and resolute. One who, as I did, so often saw your steady resistance when attacked, and the bold dash of your splendid charges, bringing often to my mind the impetuous rush of the Athenians on the day of Marathon, will not fear for your reputation with the impartial of all ages. We fought under a flag which will never wave in battle again, for our honor was pledged, when we were paroled, to obey the Constitution and laws of the United States. That pledge will not in its spirit be fully redeemed if we do not accept the invitation of the gallant men of the North, of the noble Hancock, for whom, with the Southern delegations, I repeatedly voted, of Ewing, and McClernand and Steedman, and others, who invited us to join them in the great task of repairing the mischiefs of the war and restoring our old system of free government.

Come, then, fellow citizens, let us all as North Carolinians, old Whigs, old Democrats, Secessionists and Union men, rally to the support of this ticket and thus attain again our old peaceable, cheap, honest and quiet system of constitutional government.

Your friend and fellow-citizen,
T. L. CLINGMAN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. M'NAIR. A. T. HERBERT.

McNAIR & HERBERT,
General COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
BELL'S WHARF, NORFOLK, VA.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
Sept. 23-1m*

Oyster Shell Agricultural Lime.

WE WILL FURNISH this valuable and popular FERTILIZER at
FIVE DOLLARS PER TON,
where bags, hogsheads or barrels are furnished. (There will be no freight on the same in sending them to us to be filled and returned.)
Now is the time for COMPOSTING or SOWING BROADCAST, on fallow land, intended for Wheat.
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants.
Sept. 23 2w Portsmouth, Va.

J. ANDREW WHITE, General Partner. DR. JNO. ARRINGTON, Special Partner,

J. ANDREW WHITE,
[Successor to White & McKenney,]
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

No. 57 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, Va.

OFFER TO THE TRADE a well-selected and varied stock of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, and Notions,
Embracing the leading and desirable styles of the season, on favorable terms at the lowest market rates.
Sept. 23-3taw3m

Western Lands and Securities.

IN ADDITION to Government, State and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, we buy and sell
Lands in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska.
The highest price paid for LAND WARRANTS and ticks to LANDS SOLD FOR TAXES.
We also purchase, at best rates, all
DISCREDITED WESTERN COUNTY, CITY AND TOWN BONDS.
Correspondence solicited, and any information required, furnished without charge. Address
AUSTIN CORBIN & CO.,
Bankers, New York City.
Sept. 23-dw4aw4m*

GET THE BEST!

THE VERY BEST SNUFF NOW IN USE IS

G. W. GAIL & AX'S
CELEBRATED
SCOTCH SNUFF,
Manufactured in Baltimore, Md.

DO NOT FAIL TO TRY IT, FOR YOU WILL LIKE IT.

FOR SALE BY ALL PRINCIPAL DEALERS IN RALEIGH, N. C.
Sept. 23-3m

New Brunswick Oats.

JUST RECEIVED, at the Farmer's Hall, a few bags of these celebrated WHITE OATS, for Seed. Every Farmer should secure a small quantity. Price 75c. per peck.
JAS. M. TOWLES,
Sept. 15-tf Commission Merchant.

CORN! CORN! CORN!
300 bushels Prime Corn in store.
Aug 29-tf B. F. WILLIAMSON.

NON-FORFEITING CASH RATES
OF THE
ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $10,000,000.
$130 to pay every 100 of Liabilities.

DIVIDEND, Fifty per Cent.
57,000 Members, and constantly increasing.

DESCRIPTION OF POLICIES.

First.—Whole Life Policies.
Second.—Endowment Policies, for terms of ten, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five, thirty, and thirty-five years.

AGES.
Insurance will be granted at all ages from fifteen to sixty years.

NOTICE.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has paid another loss. Read the following:

$3.000.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 16th, 1868.

Received of the Ætna Life Insurance Company, by the hands of W. H. Crow, General Agent, Three thousand dollars, in full payment of all demands upon the Life Policy of my deceased husband, Larkin F. Bunn. No. of said Policy 48,793.
With many thanks for this prompt payment in the hour of my affliction and need,
I am, respectfully,
HESTER A. BUNN.

Added to the above, may be mentioned another fact, proving the wisdom and beneficial results of Life Insurance, and also the fidelity and good faith in which this old and well tried Company deals with its members.

In less than three years this Company has done more than all others combined, to relieve the wants of the widows and orphans of North Carolina.

It has paid Policy, No.	15 273	$5.000
" "	10 818	5.000
" "	18,677	5.000
" "	24,692	3 000
" "	27,512	10.000
" "	28 6 0	5.000
" "	24,974	2.500
" "	25 082	10.000

Being thus bountifully tried and proved, it commends itself to the patronage of every reflecting citizen, who desires to provide a certainty for those he loves and are depending on him.

W. H. CROW,
General Agent for the State,
Office, Raleigh, N. C.
Sept. 22-2m.

A Paying Investment and a Life Insurance at the Same Time.

THE
EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
OF
NEW YORK,

IS CERTAINLY ONE OF THE MOST PROMINENT IN THE COUNTRY, AND IS UNDER THE management of gentlemen among the most trustworthy.

Its President is the Hon WM. C. ALEXANDER, a son of the late Rev. Archibald Alexander, D. D. This Society issues all kinds of Policies and pays back to policy-holders all the profits of the business—thus enabling Assurants to provide for their families and reap the benefits of a good investment at the same time.

Cash Accumulations (and constantly increasing,)	$7 000,000
Annual Income, (which also increases continually,)	4 500,000

This Company has paid over $1,500,000 to widows and orphans during the last seven years and has conducted its business with such care and liberality that it has never contested the payment of a policy. It has also divided among its policy-holders over $1,500 000 cash value. It is a purely Mutual Company, declaring its Dividends yearly to all policy-holders. Liberal in its dealings, sound in its management,—it deserves the remarkable success which it is enjoying.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
General Agents,
Charlotte, N. C.
W. H. FINCH, T. C. HOOPER, } TRAVELING AGENTS.
Sept. 18-3m

FOR LEASE OR RENT.

THE N. C. MILITARY AND POLYTECHNIC, (formerly Hillsboro' Military Academy,) Buildings, near Hillsboro', Orange Co., N. C. The location of these new and splendid Buildings is proverbial for good health and fine society, and a rare opportunity is here offered to any person or persons wishing to engage in a first-class Educational enterprise. For particulars, apply to
MRS E. F. TEW, Adm'x,
Sept. 21-2aw2w Hillsboro', N. C.

W. H. H. TUCKER, R. S. TUCKER, T. M'GEE.

1868. **FALL TRADE.** 1868.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN
DRY GOODS,
HATS, BOOTS & SHOES,
FANCY NOTIONS, &c.,

HAVE NOW OPENED A VERY LARGE and attractive assortment in
DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS,
MOURNING GOODS, EMBROIDERIES,
CARPETING, CLOAKS,
DAMASKS, SHAWLS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS,
AND
House Furnishing Dry Goods of every Description,
Which they are offering at
EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES,
and their numerous customers in the City, County and State will find, upon examination, that they are offering greater inducements than ever to the Trade, both at Wholesale and Retail.
Sept. 19-tf

J. W. BETTS,
(Successor to GOULD & BETTS.)
HATS, FURS,
AND
STRAW GOODS,
349 BROADWAY,
(Cor. of Leonard St.) NEW YORK.
Sept. 19-1m

HORSES! HORSES!

TWO HORSES,—one a gray, 7 years old, the other a Roan, 9 years old,—both warranted sound in limb and wind, can be seen at our store.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
Sept. 21-tf

COAL! COAL! COAL!

Now is the Time to Buy
COAL!!
Twenty Tons to-day to hand and for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL
Sept. 4 tf

ROSADALIS
Purifies the Blood.
For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
Sept. 3-dewawly.

POOL & UZZLE,
12 Fayetteville Street, 12
RALEIGH, N. C.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GROCERIES,
ALSO
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.
Wines, Brandies, &c.

ALWAYS ON HAND:
No. 1 KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS.

NOW ARRIVING.
No. 1 STRUP AND MOLASSES,
BEEF TONGUES AND CORNED BEEF,
SMOKED BEEF, IN CANVASS AND PLAIN,
CANVASS HAMS,
BACON SIDES AND SHOULDERS.
Goods sold LOW FOR CASH.
Sept. 19-3m.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1868.

EASTERN WARD CLUB!

At a meeting of the SEYMOUR AND BLAIR Club, held on Monday evening, on motion, the "Sentinel" was requested to give notice of the dedication of the NEW CLUB HOUSE, on Friday night, on which occasion M. A. Bledsoe, Esq., and other able Speakers, will address the Club.

The ladies and the members of the Middle and Western Clubs are respectfully invited to attend.

Vaughan's band will be in attendance on the occasion.

W. D. HAYWOOD, Prest.

V. BALLARD, Sec'y.

Our friends in the Eastern Ward are moving with a glorious spirit and energy. They are BUILDING a commodious Club room, in which to hold their meetings, and in which they propose to have many an enthusiastic rally between this and the election. This Club now numbers two hundred men, good and true, and the cry is "STILL THEY COME!"

We hope that there will be a general rally of the Seymour and Blair men of the City at the dedication on Friday night.

MEETING IN WESTERN WARD.

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR CLUB ROOM, Sept. 21st., 1868.

The Club was called to order at 7½ o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, by the President. An invitation being extended to any present, who had not yet joined the Club, it was responded to by several, who came forward and registered their names.

Theo. N. Ramsay offered the following resolution, which was adopted by the Seymour and Blair Club at Weldon, and it was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the President of this Club appoint a Committee, whose duty it shall be to attend the registration of the voters of this precinct, in October next, and challenge all persons who may offer to register, who are not legally entitled so to do.

W. E. Pell, Jr., moved that this Club resolve themselves into a Committee of the Whole to solicit members for the Club.

The President, in behalf of the Committee to wait on Rev. Mr. Howell and ascertain if his school house could be occupied by the Club, one night in the week, stated that he had granted its use free of charge; whereupon Mr. Alley moved that a vote of thanks be tendered him,—which was unanimously adopted.

Messrs. Hughes, Snow, Royster, and others, were called upon, who delivered stirring speeches, exposing more fully the meanness which pervaded the Radical party, denouncing the cowardly attack of the *Standard* upon the virtue of the ladies, and urging upon members to be united in this struggle.

On motion, the meeting adjourned, to meet on Monday night next.

E. R. ALLEY, *Sec'y.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Austin Corbin & Co., Bankers, &c., 170 Broadway, New York: This Firm buys and sells Western Lands and Securities, Titles, Warrants, &c. The entire reliability and energy of this House are vouched for, to us, on the best authority.

McNair & Herbert, General Commission Merchants, Bell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va: An excellent and reliable House. Mr. McNair was a former citizen of this State, well and favorably known to many of our people,—especially in the Eastern part of the State.

J. Andrew White, (Successor to White & McKenney,) Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, &c., No. 57, Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va. We cordially commend Mr. White, from personal acquaintance, as one of the most successful and reliable Merchants of the "Cockade City."

Oyster Shell Agricultural Lime, at $5 per ton. Read the announcement of J. B. Hunter & Co., General Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va.

SEE advertisement of Austin Corbin & Co., in another column.

CORRESPONDENTS must bear with us.—We will make room for their favors as rapidly as possible.

GEN. CLINGMAN'S LETTER.—We complete, to-day, the publication of this admirable letter. It is a powerful document, full of bristling facts, and cannot fail to produce an impression. Let it be widely circulated.

PUBLIC DISCUSSION.—We are requested to announce that Jos. J. Davis, Esq., Seymour and Blair Elector for the State at large, and Dr. Eugene Grissom will address the people at Brassfield's, Granville county, on Friday, October 2nd., on the political issues of the canvass.

A CARD.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 22, 1868.

It may be the opinion of some people in North Carolina and the South, that all Yankees are like the rascal that edits the "Standard,"—the dog that insults the noble ladies of North Carolina and the whole South; but such is not the case.

I, F. S. Pierce, an honorably discharged soldier of the U. S. army, do condemn him and his sympathizers as rascals and women-insulters. If the time shall come, when you compel us to fight, (which I hope may NEVER come,) I shall fight for my adopted home and the noble ladies in it, and for the Constitution as it was.

FRANKLIN S. PIERCE,
Seymour and Blair, forever.

For the Sentinel.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Messrs. Editors:—If Mr. Jas. M. T., of Harnett, Co., should make an affidavit, before one of Gov. Holden's new Justices of the Peace, that he lives 524 miles from the City of Raleigh, and this J. P. should sign his name with a *cross mark*, (as he will have to do, if he signs at all,) does this mark have to be *witnessed*? If so, must the witness be an official character? Perhaps the Editors of the *Standard* can give the necessary information.

HARNETT.

P. S. Fayetteville *Eagle* will please copy, for the benefit of Uncle S. H., as his opinion will be worth something.

THE "WHISKEY RING," AGAIN.

We are not surprised to learn, from many sources, that the people of the West, especially, are looking into the infamous "Whiskey Ring" conspiracy to *buy up* and control corrupt members of Congress and create a whiskey *monopoly*, for the benefit of wealthy "Whiskey Ring" men. We learn that the indignation of the people of Wilkes county is deep, and manifests itself in many ways; and, what is more, the people have learned that this new *power* in the government, rather *in Congress*, is a pet organization of the Radicals in that body to enrich themselves and to get money to manufacture party capital, control elections and corrupt that class of the people who are inclined to be vicious and mercenary. With such ill-gotten means, every rascal that can be made useful to Radicalism is *bought*,—some for one price, some for another.

The frauds perpetrated by the "Whiskey Ring" men are enormous. They just buy up the corrupt members of Congress and get a law that suits, and then buy the Revenue officers and cheat the Government out of the tax due. A simple reference to the Whiskey Tax will show the tremendous magnitude of the frauds practiced: It was estimated, at Washington, that spirits enough were made, during the last year, to have given revenue, under the law, to the Government, amounting to *one hundred millions* of dollars; while, in fact, the Government only received *thirteen* millions, a little more than *one eighth* of what it *ought* to have received! It will thus be seen, from the records at Washington, that the frauds are without a parallel. The great distillers do this. They can afford to buy Congress and the Revenue officers. The small distiller cannot afford to do it, and, hence, he is made to pay *all his tax*, else he is hunted down, prosecuted, persecuted, broken up and imprisoned. Is this not the experience of distillers in this State? Let the people say.

The *special tax* is $400. This keeps small distillers from distilling at all; they cannot afford to pay it, while this sum is a trifle to the large distillers, who distill millions of gallons. This "Whiskey Ring" Radical Congress *put up* the *special* tax to *stop small* distillers absolutely, and *put down* the tax on the *gallon* to benefit the "Whiskey Ring" men. Cannot the plainest man see the fraud and villainy?

This "Whiskey Ring" is the handiwork of the Radical Congress. Let this be remembered by the people in the approaching Congressional election. We intend, in a few days, to give the vote on the whiskey law, in Congress, and show, by the record, who voted for it.

IMPORTANT FACTS—READ!

Ex. Gov. Wm. A. Graham, Hon. John W. Norwood, Henry K. Nash, Esq., and Hon Josiah Turner, Jr., have given the following important facts, which should be observed by the people. Let each County Executive Committee in the State, over their own signatures, disseminate them throughout their County. Much unaccountable misapprehension exists on the subject of Registration:

1. In the approaching election no man is disfranchised, who ever was entitled to vote.

2. A new registration will begin on the 15th of October, and every voter, old and new, must register. No man can vote without new registration, although he has registered before.

3. There are 140,000 white voters in North Carolina, and 70,000 colored voters; in round numbers, a majority of two to one.

4. Although the whole of the colored vote should be cast against the Conservatives, (which will not be the case,) and 35,000 white votes added, Seymour and Blair will still carry the State, if a full vote be polled.

5. Military government has ceased. The election on the 3rd of November is to be free, as in former times, but remember, all must register over again, or they cannot vote.

6. Any person who shall assemble armed men at any place of election, on election day, is liable to a penalty of one thousand dollars, according to the Revised Code, pages 308 9.

WHO RULES?

If ninety-nine one hundredths of the *white Radicals* of the State were asked if they desired to be ruled by the negro power of the State, and to secure negro ascendancy, they would unhesitatingly answer *no*. This we believe, confidently. Yet these very men have, by their action, succeeded in placing the white people of the State, including themselves, under *negro rule*. We ask them if this is not true? Who put the present State officers in power? More than *sixty thousand majority* of the white vote was against them. Then how did they come into power? Why, through and by force and effect of 73,000 *negro votes*. But for these votes, the State would this day be ruled by white men, men of whom no people on this continent could or would be ashamed. As it is, the white Radicals cannot apologize for the scapegraces in office.—North Carolinians, of all classes! we call upon you to open your eyes and behold the disgrace and ruin of Radical negro rule and supremacy!!

RADICAL TREASON—THE RADICAL ARMY.

We understand that one of the principal reasons for organizing a *Radical army* in this State, is, that the State is more convenient to Washington than any other State in the South. It was ascertained that the negroes were more thoroughly drilled in this State than elsewhere, and it was represented that there were more *white Radicals* here than in any other Southern State.

We warn white men, who belong to the Radical leagues, to leave them at once and to avoid them as dens of treason and war. We intend, in a few days, to further ventilate the Radical scheme of war and treason, and state some facts that will astonish the Radical leaders, themselves.

THE *Round Table* says that Bingham has "given us the best book of its kind that we have seen"—that is, his Latin Grammar.

For the Sentinel.

TO THE WHITE MEN OF WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Constitution which you have stood by and seen imposed on the people of the State is not understood by you. Let me ask you to consider a few facts:

There are about two blacks to three whites in North Carolina. The blacks poll about seventy thousand votes. They own no property and the only tax which they pay is a poll tax. Now look into the Constitution recently adopted, and you will find that our black population, two-fifths of our people, pay a tax only to educate their own children and support their poor, and that what they pay is not a tenth of what will be raised for these purposes. The Constitution expressly provides that the tax which they pay shall be spent in no other way than as stated above. No Legislature can tax them to help support the government, to pay the interest on the public debt, to aid in building Railroads or for any other possible purpose than to get their poll tax and then immediately refund it to them with a good deal more added to it.—If they had property, it is true, that property would be liable for taxes, but they have none and do not intend to have any. Here then we have an ignorant negro population not paying into our Treasury one cent, costing our poor impoverished whites enormous sums every year, and yet this black population have such sway in the State, as amounts to not only the entire control of our State government, but a complete dictation as to who shall fill all the offices of honor, trust and profit in the State.

Take for example the negro representatives in our Legislature. They were put in by negro votes. Each one, with all his constituents, instead of paying a tax of some kind to aid our State Treasury, is an absolute tax, and a heavy one on the Treasury. I repeat it: According to the Constitution of North Carolina, you may take the negro representative and all his negro constituents in a bunch, and they pay nothing to aid the Treasury, but he and they, each, all, and every one of them, is a heavy tax on the Treasury.

I went into a negro political meeting some weeks ago. Their black orators were explaining matters at a high rate. One of them stated that by the Constitution of the State two dollars tax was all that could possibly be got from the black man, and that was at once spent in educating his children, and that the State had bound herself to let all his children go to school until they were of age, for his two dollars a year; and he stated that whether he paid the two dollars or not they could not get round educating his children. "Now, colored friends," said he, "under this Constitution we can get as many offices as we can get elected to; we can live under the protection of the Government; we have every thing the white folks have. They do all the paying. We pay not a cent out but what we get back at once, with a great deal more." I asked him where the extra money was to come from to keep his children at school until they were twenty-one years old. "Come out of the land," said he. But, said I, the land will not of itself pay the tax. "Well, sir, (said he,) let the white folks work the land and make the tax. I'll be bound they will work the land and pay the tax before they will let their land be sold for the taxes."

Here lay the whole argument in a nut shell. Galloway, the negro representative from New Hanover, said that the negroes did not want the land. No wonder. They have it fixed so that the white laborer shall own the land, and they take the rent of it to educate their children; the white man shall own the cow and feed her, while they milk her dry; shall own the orange, while they squeeze out the juice and leave him the shell.

And whilst the white voters of the State have been kept in ignorance of this magnificent villainy, every negro in the State has all along secretly known it and acted on it.

Indeed, so perfectly devil-bent were Holden and his crew to get possession of the power and the offices, that they have pledged the labor of the white race in North Carolina not only to exempt the labor of the blacks from all tax, but to support the black race and educate their children. They have made the blacks the owners of every farm in the State, and the white nominal owners are but tenants, paying (unless the negroes are to be deceived) a heavy rent. Yes, white laborers of North Carolina, many and many a long day's toil of yourselves, your wives and your little children, that you cannot spare to go to school, will be consumed in the education of idle, worthless negro children. And while the black teacher and the black children are in their cool shady school house enjoying themselves, they know and you may know that the hard sun-burnt toil of yourself and your uneducated little ones has to pay the expense. And yet, Western men, why did you stand by and let this awful slavery, ten-fold worse than negro slavery, be put upon us all, yourselves as well as others?

And if you meet one of the white faced scoundrels who sold himself to the negroes to get an office, and who thus sold the freedom of the white race in exchange for his own elevation, he will tell you, with pockets overrun with the peoples hard earned money, "Do not disturb any thing. Do not make any movement to alter things as they now stand. There is a war upon us certainly, if a majority of the American people vote Seymour and Blair into office. By all means, *let us have peace*."

Sec. 2. Article 5, of the Constitution says, "The proceeds of the State and county-capitation tax shall be applied to the purposes of education and the support of the poor."

Sec. 2. Article 9, says:

"The General Assembly at its first session under this Constitution shall provide by taxation and otherwise for a general and uniform system of public schools, wherein tuition shall be free of charge to all the children of the State, between the ages of six and twenty-one years."

And remember, that whether the black population pay their poll tax or not, the education of the negro children goes on.

Did any set of white villains ever live, equal to those which have lifted themselves into offices, that they are not fit for, by thus selling the white race of the State into slavery? We read with shuddering and horror that, in Africa, the natives will catch other natives and sell them to the slave ships, in exchange for beads and whiskey; that kinsmen will entrap and sell kinsmen; that, oftentimes, parents sell their own children. There, they have the merit of doing a mean thing in an open way. Here, Holden and Rodman, and their crew, do equally as mean, in a sneaking way.

Do not, I beg of you, suppose that the amount which you will have to pay, will be a trifle. Your national taxes, your State taxes, your County taxes, and your new township taxes, which you have perhaps not yet heard of, will bend your backs.—When you have to add to the foregoing the enormous cost of educating the negro children of the State, your backs, I fear, will give way. No wonder that land sells at one and two dollars an acre in North Carolina. I tell you now, that in less than five years, unless Radical villainy is utterly uprooted, and that at once, in this State, land owners will be but too glad to throw up their land and run away to escape their black masters.

A black man, with ten children, has his choice about paying his poll tax. Whether paid or not, his ten children are educated by the white labor of the State. I proclaim it over and over again.

The matter in plain English is, that the whole black population of the State pay nothing into the Treasury. They pay, at most, two dollars, each voter, if they choose to do it, towards educating their children, and the balance, say twenty dollars a year for each negro child, is to be paid by the poor white man's labor. In other words, each white man in the State, East, West and middle, must work enough to pay the schooling of the negro children.

Do the white men of Western North Carolina understand me? If they do, will they sustain in power the men who have thus deprived *their* children of schooling and given it to the negroes? If they can look at this matter and understand it, and then stay from the polls, as they did in the last election, our hopes are gone.

One word now as to negro township Judges. It is settled that pretty much all the business of the State is to go into these township Courts, whether the business be civil or criminal. It is also settled that in some twenty five Eastern counties these Judges will be mostly negroes, league negroes at that. They will have a white Clerk to do the writing. The powers of these negro Judges will be as great as heretofore had by a Superior Court Judge. They can punish for contempt, enforce their orders and do all and everything that a Judge can do. Put in by a majority of blacks, they well know on what terms they may expect to retain office. Good-bye in that township to the man's farm, his stock, his crop, his orchard, his fences, his rights, his fireside, his family, his all!

Western men, I weep when I think that with a majority of forty odd thousand white men in the State, you should stand aloof and let your white brethren be thus enslaved. Time was when the East paid the bulk of the taxes. It is so no longer. Not a cent of poll tax goes into the Treasury now. The land is now the great tax-payer. Let me tell you, Western friends, that already the lands in our eastern section sell for not over one-seventh of their former value, and when a negro school house is erected for every two miles, and two league negro Judges are elected in every township, at what price do you suppose the lands will sell? You will have to help raise the money to pay the negro schooling, but you are not afflicted with the negro Judges. We are to stagger and groan and die under both loads, unless the forty odd thousand white majority in North Carolina wake up and exhibit themselves as WHITE MEN.

SPRINGFIELD.

P. S.—As I close this, the League negroes in our little town are firing the cannon over the news from Maine.

For the Sentinel.

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR FLAG IN MORGANTON.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—On Wednesday, the 16th., the good people of Burke, according to notice, assembled in Morganton, for the purpose of unfurling to the kissing breeze the flag of our common country, and a banner on whose folds are inscribed the names of Seymour and Blair.

Judging from the large audience and wild enthusiasm, I am confident that this county is of the right (not red) stripe, and will roll up a majority for the white man's ticket.

The crowd was first addressed in the street by Judge Rose, of New Jersey, who spoke earnestly and gave us cheering news.

After he closed, the vast multitude adjourned to the Court House and listened with the greatest attention to able, stirring and patriotic appeals from the Hon. B. S. Gaither, E. P. Moore and Col. Thomas Walton. 'Twas a glorious day to all lovers of liberty and haters of oppression.

We tender our warmest thanks to the ladies for having wrought, with their fair hands, the banners, and lending their presence and sweet influences to the occasion.

M.

OUTRAGEOUS CONDUCT—NO ARREST.—While the radical delegation to the pow wow at Raleigh were marching up Broad street, after their return on Thursday evening, one of the miserable scoundrels stepped out of ranks, went up to Mr. Samuel Brinson, an old gentleman, aged sixty-two years, without any provocation whatever, said to the white people among whom Mr. Brinson was standing, "Oh, yes, you d—d white s—s of b—h's, Grant will be elected, and we will put your d—d white eyes out!" and struck the old man with all the force of which he was capable, with a large stone, the power of the blow knocking him down. He is still very ill from the effects of the foul act.

The same organized gang of ruffians attacked the store of Mr. F. Boesser, on Broad street, simply because he is a good Democrat, threw brickbats and various other missiles through the house, broke several windows and did other damages.

These outrages were committed in the open day, on one of the principal thoroughfares of the city, and still no arrests have been made or attempted.—*Newbern Journal of Commerce.*

THE HENDERSON *Index*, alluding to Col. Deweese's abuse of the franking privilege, says:

"We will furnish a bushel or thereabouts of old envelopes franked by Deweese, and various other persons, on their own matters. One instance we desire to call particular attention to. A letter came to this Office some days ago franked by Deweese, addressed to a negro wench and *nymph du pave*. As to who wrote this *particular* letter, or what was its contents, this deponent, for answer, says he doth not know, but verily, he believes that this was not a public document, such as the act of Congress contemplates, allowing M. C's. to send to their constituents free."

NORTH CAROLINA LIFE ASSURANCE ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY, RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICERS.

R. W. BEST, President,
WM. H. JONES, Cashier.
QUENT. BUSBEE, Secretary.
E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Consulting Physician.
A. S. MERRIMON, Attorney and Counsellor.
W. R. S. BURBANK, General Agent.
GEORGE LITTLE, JAMES A. MOORE, WILLIE J. PALMER, } *Executive Committee.*

The plan of Assurance adopted by the Board of Directors, is popularly known as the MASONIC PLAN.

An entrance fee is charged, payable when a party applies for a policy. No other payment is required, except on the death of a member, when an assessment of $2.50 is levied. The aggregate of Assessments is the value of the Policy.

A Policy can by this plan be secured for less, by from 50 to 100 *per cent.*, than for the same amount in ordinary Companies.

TABLE OF ENTRANCE FEES.

Applicants of	10	and under	15	years, pay	$5 60
"	15	"	20	"	5 25
"	20	"	25	"	5 75
"	25	"	30	"	6 75
"	30	"	35	"	8 25
"	35	"	40	"	10 50
"	40	"	45	"	13 50
"	45	"	50	"	18 00
"	50	"	55	"	27 25
"	55	"	60	"	36 50
"	60	"	65	"	50 00

For further particulars address the undersigned,
QUENT. BUSBEE, Secretary.
Sept. 18-1m

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22 M.

Commissioner Rollins has designated the store of William Marchant, St. Charles Street, New York, as an Export Bonded Warehouse for Tobacco, under section 73, of the new tax law.

Surratt's Counsel set forth the Amnesty Proclamation in defense, claiming safety for Surratt under that clause pardoning all who were not then under indictment for treason or felony in any Court of the United States, having competent jurisdiction.

The Counsel claim that Surratt, at that time, was under indictment for murder at common law, and not for treason or felony, and consequently, entitled to the benefit of the proclamation.

The Prosecution demur and the argument is progressing.

THE CAMILLA AFFAIR.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22, M.

The *Tribune* has a dispatch from Atlanta, regarding the Camilla affair, stating that Colonel Pierce, (one of the instigators of the negroes,) was dangerously shot, and Captain Murphy, (the other,) badly hurt.

Official accounts place the number of killed and wounded at fifty.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22, M.

Gold $1.42⅝. North Carolinas 75¼; new 74.—Virginias, ex-coupons, 53¾; new the same. Tennessee, ex-coupons, 70; new 69¾. Cotton dull and declining at 26@26½. Turpentine 45½@46. Rosin quiet.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

FROM GEORGIA—FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE CAMILLA AFFAIR.

ATLANTA, Sept. 21, P. M.

The following report is from Judge Vason and Mr. Johnson, who were requested, by Lieutenant Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, to investigate the matter:

"*To the Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Georgia*:

"We left Camilla this day, at noon. All was quiet. No apprehension felt for further trouble. The act of the citizens was under orders of the Sheriff. They acted as his *posse* in the whole affair. The negroes in the County are all quiet.—No bad feeling exists between them and the whites growing out of the affair. But few negroes were present, except those in the procession. No necessity for any additional force to protect white or black. The wounded negroes will be cared for and have the sympathy of the whites. The whole difficulty is owing to the right claimed by Murphy, Pierce & Co., to carry the negroes into a political meeting with arms. The Sheriff disputed this right, and insisted that, under the Proclamation of the Governor and the law, it was his duty, as a civil officer, to prevent it.

(Signed) O. A. VASON, H. JOHNSON.

Vason and Johnson, and Mr. Clarke, a Northern man, who came South since the war, certify to the good character of the parties making sworn statements. The report was laid before both Houses, which determined their decision relative to the Governor's Message, and refused to ask the President for aid to maintain order.

[LATER.]

ATLANTA, Sept. 22, P. M.

The rencontre at Camilla, between the whites and blacks, creates much excitement here and throughout the State.

On yesterday afternoon, the Governor sent a communication to both Houses relative to the disturbances in Mitchell county, recommending that the President of the United States be petitioned for military aid, sufficient to preserve order in that county. The Governor says that "disregardful of the proclamation issued on the 14th instant, the right of the people peacefully to assemble has been violently and barbarously impaired, and the civil officers are wholly unable to protect the rights of citizens, or maintain peace. He earnestly recommends that the Legislature make immediate application to the President for a sufficient military force, to be stationed in Mitchell county, to maintain peace, and protect the lives and property of the citizens, and that the guilty be punished, after due process of law. The fact that this occurrence was the result of a determination, publicly expressed by irresponsible persons of one political party, that the other political party shall not hold meetings, is too well known. It is gratifying that the sentiment is confined to the lawless class, and not countenanced or supported by responsible citizens.

On the reading of this report, a resolution was offered in the Senate to refer the message of the Governor to a Committee on the "State of the Republic."

Considerable debate ensued regarding telegraphing the President.

A resolution was offered that, as the Senate had heard the statement of a negro, through the Governor, that the account from the white men be read, and agreed to.

A substitute was offered for the whole, that a special Committee be appointed to investigate the matter, and report, forthwith, all the facts.

The House also appointed a Committee of five to investigate and lay a correct account before the Assembly.

At the request of Major Howard, Agent of the Bureau, Judge Vason and Captain Johnson will investigate the matter and furnish the necessary papers of information.

This afternoon, the Senate Committee, appointed to take into consideration the message of the Governor, made a report that the evidence submitted to the Governor is untrue, and accompanying the same with sworn testimony. The report gave rise to an exciting discussion. The report was adopted, yeas 22 nays 10.

The House received the majority and minority reports relative to the Governor's Message on the Camilla riot. After a heated discussion the majority report was adopted, which is that they find the evidence preferred by the Governor is not sustained; that the whole difficulty occurred and originated from a determination of the parties referred to in the Governor's message, to-wit: Pierce, Murphy and Putney, to enter Camilla at the head of an armed company of freedmen, which right was disputed by the Sheriff of the county.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22, P. M.

Howard received a report of the Camilla riot, which he communicated to the Secretary of War. Subsequently Schofield had a prolonged interview with the President on the subject. Details not transpired.

Butler, on yesterday, filed papers in the House, regarding Kimberly's suit, claiming that it was a breach of his priveleges as a member of the House.

Rollin was before the Retrenchment Committee, to-day, explaining hitch of supervisorships. Revenue, to-day, $171,000.

FROM ALABAMA—THE LEGISLATURE.

MONTGOMERY, Sept. 22, P. M.

The Senate and House did but little to-day.

In the House, a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a Committee to wait on the Governor and learn what he desired the Legislature to do.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22, P. M.

Cotton a shade lower. Sales of 11,00 bales at 26@26½.

Turpentine 46½@47½. Rosin unchanged.

Gold closed weaker at 1,42½.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 22, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine declined to 40. Rosin quiet, but steady. No. 2, 1,9 @2,00; No. 1, 2,75@4,10. Tar firm at 2,60.

Cotton firm. Middling 23½.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.

Cheap, to close consignment,
Also, LABRADOR HERRINGS, at $6 per bbl.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Sep. 22-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

Take Notice.

THAT WE HAVE applied for a copyright of a Pamphlet issued by us, styled "USEFUL HINTS TO THE PEOPLE."
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
Corner High and Water Sts.,
Sept. 22-1w Portsmouth, Va.

ROPE AND BAGGING or Bagging and Ties, at lowest Market rates, by
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Gen. Com Merchants,
Sept. 22-1w Portsmouth, Va.

NEW MUSIC!

OVER one hundred prices of new and popular MUSIC for Piano.
J. A. JONES, Bookseller.
Aug 17-tf.

Oats, Oats.

40 BUSHELS "OTIN" OATS, for planting.—The finest seen.
Sept. 21-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Beard's Patent Cotton Tie.

CHEAPEST AND SIMPLEST TIE IN USE!—Cotton sells better and is safer with it than rope. It can be insured cheaper than with rope.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Sept. 22-tf Auc. and Com. Merchants.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	69c
" Cape Fear	33
" Charlotte	31
" Wadesboro	27
" Wilmington	33
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	23
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	33
" " (new.)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	23
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.
Oct. 26-298-3m

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

DAVIS, DRAKE & CO.,

DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

CORNER OF SYCAMORE AND BANK STREETS,

PETERSBURG, Va.,

RESPECTFULLY CALL YOUR ATTENTION to their large and attractive stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

CARPETS, RUGS, &c.

We shall, in a few days, be prepared to offer the largest stock of the above goods in the

STATE OF VIRGINIA,

All of which they guarantee to sell at

BALTIMORE PRICES.

Our Stock is kept constantly complete,—one of our partners remaining in New York during the entire business season, thereby taking every advantage of changes in the Market price of Goods.

We ask of the Merchants of the Old North State a comparison of our prices with those of Baltimore, and we feel confident they will find it to their interest to buy of us.

DAVIS, DRAKE & CO.,
JOBBERS OF DRY GOODS,
Corner Bank and Sycamore Sts.,
Sept. 5-6m Petersburg, Va.

For Sale.

A HANDSOME LITTLE FARM of 50 Acres in a superior neighborhood, about half a mile from Kittrell's Springs Female College and adjoining the lands of Thos. Capehart, C. Gay and others. Price $700.

Also two DESIRABLE FARMS in Gates County, within one mile of the Orapeake Canal, and four from Drummond's Lake, containing 250 and 150 ACRES.

Likewise, a JUNIPER SWAMP immediately on said Canal, of four hundred acres and one of CYPRESS, containing two hundred and fifty.

I have, also, a new and superior four-seat BUGGY from the manufactory of Mr. C. Ham, of Broadway, N. Y., for which I will take $300.

Apply to DR. THOS. C. HINES,
Sept 12-2aw3t Kittrell's, Granville Co., N. C.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846.

The following table will show with what comparative economy the Connecticut Mutual has been managed for the last ten years:

[From the Hon. Elizur Wright's Reports.]

Ratio of Expenses to Receipts for ten years.

Connecticut Mutual	9.22
Mutual Life	11.04
New York Life	13.99
Etna (4 years)	16.62

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest* and *best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan devised.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT HOME AGAIN!!

WITH A HOUSE RAMMED AND PACKED FULL OF

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

FOR

1868.

COME TO

A. CREECH'S!

For Ladies' Goods! For Gentlemen's Goods! For Misses' Goods! For Boys' Goods! Ditto for Children!

MY STOCK IS LARGE AND VERY COMPLETE. Allow me to say that you see some very strange advertisements. Some say they bought goods before the rise—some after the decline—some just in time—some in luck again—some buy goods cheaper than anybody else—some selling goods at unprecedentedly low prices—some controlling the trade &c., &c., and all such stuff. What a lucky set of individuals!

Now just let ME tell you, that there is more humbug than poetry in all this. Don't every man, woman and child know that it is humbug—large enough to be seen even with one eye shut? So let them talk, puff and blow, but STOP, LOOK OUT! HANDS OFF! and show your good judgment by

COMING TO CREECH'S

to buy your goods. I intend to run through this campaign with my motto, to give each and every individual value received for their support!

A fine opportunity for the ladies to exercise their inalienable rights, as well as the gentlemen. Don't stop until you COME TO CREECH'S. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, attending to my business, always ready to give you the worth of your money.

A. CREECH,
Fayetteville Street,
Sept 15-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN, ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE,

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—43m

Handsome Little Farm for Sale.

ON CRABTREE CREEK, 3½ miles Northwest of the City,—one-third cleared. 155 acres in Tract.

A good Dwelling House—6 Rooms—fire-place in each; good Basement, dining-room in Basement, with fire-place.

Good large Barn and Corn Crib,—good well of pure good Water in the yard; good Spring near.

A good bargain can be had in the above property.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Sept. 21-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

FRESH RAISINS, NUTS, FIGS, CITRON, Sardines, Pickles, Jelly and everything else in the CONFECTIONERY line, at
Sept. 19-eod2w A. D. ROYSTER'S.

A LARGE LOT OF CIGARS, wholesale and retail, at
Sept. 19-eod2w A. D. ROYSTER'S.

BEST DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO, At
Sept. 19-eod2w A. D. ROYSTER'S.

FOR SALE!

1,000 bushels SEED OATS. Call before sold.
Sept. 19-1w E. J. PARRISH.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
32 BEAVER STREET,
New York.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of North Carolina, that they have been appointed agents for Udolpho Wolfe, for the sale of his celebrated

Scheidam Aromatic Schnapps, And Bottled Wines and Liquors.

Mr W.'s name is a household word in every part of the Southern States.

ADRAIN & VOLLERS,
Wilmington, N. C.
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,
Agents for Raleigh.
Aug 25-d12taw3m

To all Persons who have Suits Pending in Court, in the County of Wake:

TAKE NOTICE!

"CLERKS TO DOCKET EXISTING SUITS.

SEC. 1. The Clerks of the Superior Courts, at the request of a party thereto, within six months from the ratification of a general act respecting the practice and procedure of the Superior Courts of this State, and on the payment of a fee of one dollar, shall enter on a separate docket, all suits which, at the ratification aforesaid, shall have been commenced, or in which final judgment has not been rendered in the late County Courts, Superior Courts of Law, and Courts of Equity, of their respective Counties.

HOW SUCH SUITS PROCEEDED WITH.

SEC. 2. And every suit not so transferred within the time aforesaid, shall be abated and the Clerk of the Superior Court shall tax costs against the parties liable, and collect the same by the proper process.

EXECUTIONS TO BE DOCKETED.

SEC. 10. The Clerk of any Superior Court to which any execution shall be returned as is above prescribed shall, at the request of any person interested therein, and on the payment of one dollar, enter such executions on his execution docket, and the like process may be thereafter had thereon as is provided in similar cases on judgments recovered after the ratification of this act."

The above was ratified the 14th day of August, 1868.
J. N. BUNTING,
Sept 10-d&sw&w1m Cl'k Wake Sup. Court.

J. G. McPHEETERS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 4 SOUTH HOLLIDAY STREET,
BALTIMORE, Md.

Liberal Cash advances made on Cotton and other consignments.

Orders executed at the lowest cash market rates.

We are represented in N. C. by
John G. Williams & Co., Bankers Raleigh.
Alex. M. McPheeters, Esq., Raleigh.
Jno. C. Washington, Esq., Kinston.
Wm. S. Battle, Esq., Rocky Mount.
Messrs. Washington & Powell, Goldsboro'.
Messrs. DeRossett & Co., Wilmington.

Our correspondents in London and Liverpool are the well-known Bankers and Cotton House, Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.
Sept. 9-2aw3m

OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER,
WILLIAMSTON & TARBORO' R. R.
TARBORO', N. C., Sept. 1, 1868.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Proposals, enclosed in a sealed envelope, endorsed with the title of the work and the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this Office, until Wednesday, Sept. 30th, 1868, at 12 o'clock, Noon,

For graduation of Williamston and Tarboro' Railroad.

For timber work, including only trestle, drains, cattle guards and road crossings.

For cross-ties delivered on the line of the Road.

The Road will be divided into three sections of nearly equal length, about ten miles each.

Contractors can bid for one, two, or all the sections.

Blank forms of Proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office, on application.

W. G. LEWIS,
Sept. 5-2awtd Chief Engineer.

JUST RECEIVED.

A fine assortment of plain and fancy CARDS, at
A. D. ROYSTER'S.
Sept. 19-eod2w

The Daily Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1868.

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF CLERKS OF SUPERIOR COURTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

SECTION 1. That an Act will be incorporated in the general act respecting the practice and procedure of the Courts required to be report d to the General Assembly at its present session, by the commissioners appointed for that purpose, d will be printed in the general act and not el e where among the acts of this General Assembly, unless otherwise hereafter directed.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of State is required to have the third section of this act, and that portion relating to the Supreme Court Clerks printed at least weekly in four papers published in the state, and the sum necessary for that purpose i hereby appropriated from any monies in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. The terms of the several Superior Courts of this State shall begin in each year at the times hereinafter stated, and shall continue to be held for two weeks (Sundays and legal holidays excepted) unless the business shall be sooner disposed of.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Bertie county first Monday in March and October.

Hertford, third Monday in March and October.

Gates, fourth Monday after the first Monday in March and October.

Chowan, sixth Monday after the first Monday in March and October.

Perquimans, eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and October.

Pasquotank, tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October.

Camden, twelfth Monday after the first Monday in March and October.

Currituck, fourteenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Tyrrell county, the first Monday in September and February.

Washington, third Monday in September and February.

Martin, second Monday after the third Monday in September and February.

Hyde, fourth Monday after the third Monday in September and February.

Beaufort, sixth Monday after the third Monday in September and February.

Pitt, eighth Monday after the third Monday in September and February.

Edgecombe, tenth Monday after the third Monday in September and February.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Wayne county, the first Monday in September and February.

Jones, the third Monday in September and February.

Onslow, first Monday after the fourth Monday in September and February.

Craven, third Monday after the fourth Monday in September and February.

Lenoir, fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September and February.

Greene, seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in September and February.

Carteret, ninth Monday after the fourth Monday in September and February.

Wilson, eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in September and February.

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Robeson county, on the fourth Monday in August and February.

Bladen, second Monday after the fourth Monday in August and February.

Columbus, fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in August and February.

Brunswick, sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in August and February.

New Hanover, eighth Monday after the fourth Monday in August and February.

Sampson, tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August and February.

Duplin, twelfth Monday after the fourth Monday in August and February.

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Harnett county, the second Monday in August and February.

Moore, second Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Montgomery, fourth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Stanly, sixth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Union, eighth Monday after second Monday in August and February.

Anson, tenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Richmond, twelfth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Cumberland, fourteenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Granville county, second Monday in August and February.

Warren second Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Franklin, fourth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Johnston, sixth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Wake, eighth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Nash, tenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Halifax, twelfth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

Northampton, fourteenth Monday after the second Monday in August and February.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Guilford county, the first Monday in March and September.

Rockingham, the second Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Caswell, fourth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Person sixth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Orange, eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Chatham, tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Randolph, twelfth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Alamance, fourteenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Davie county, the first Monday in April and September.

Rowan, third Monday in April and September.

Davidson, second Monday after the third Monday in April and September.

Forsythe, fourth Monday after the third Monday in April and September.

Stokes, sixth Monday after the third Monday in April and September.

Surry, eighth Monday after the third Monday in April and September.

Yadkin, tenth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Polk county, the first Monday in March and September.

Rutherford, third Monday in March and September.

Cleveland, second Monday after the third Monday in March and September.

Lincoln, fourth Monday after the third Monday in March and September.

Gaston, sixth Monday after the third Monday in March and September.

Mecklenburg, eighth Monday after the third Monday in March and September

Cabarrus, tenth Monday after the third Monday in March and September

TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Catawba county, first Monday in March and September

Alexander, third Monday in March and September

Iredell, second Monday after the third Monday in March and September

Wilkes, fourth Monday after the third Monday in March and September

Caldwell, sixth Monday after the third Monday in March and September

Burke, eighth Monday after the third Monday in March and September

McDowell, tenth Monday after the third Monday in March and September

ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Alleghany county, first Monday in April and September

Ashe, third Monday in April and September

Watauga, second Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Mitchell, fourth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Yancey, sixth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Madison, eighth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Buncombe, tenth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

TWELFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Clay county, the first Monday in April and September

Cherokee, third Monday in April and September

Macon, second Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Jackson, fourth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Haywood, sixth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Transylvania, eighth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

Henderson, tenth Monday after the third Monday in April and September

---

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,

JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,

CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE

DIRECTORS:

John Enders, William F. Taylor, Samuel S. Cottrell, John Dooley, Charles T. Wortham, William Wills, Jr. Ed. A. Smith, Thos. J. Evans, James A. Scott, B. M. Quarles, W. H. Tyler, J. E. Edwards, A. Y. Stokes, J. B. Morton, R. H. Dibrell, William H. Palmer, Henry K. Ellyson, Asa Snyder, H. E. C. Baskerville, Samuel C. Tardy, George Jacobs, J. W. Atkison, George S. Palmer, A. D. Chockley, H. C. Cabell, D. J. Hartsook John C. Williams, William G. Taylor, A. P. Abell W. B. Isaacs, George L. Bidgood, Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't. LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

VEGETABLE PILE OINTMENT.

TO THE PUBLIC.

FOR 25 YEARS I was sorely afflicted with the Piles. After trying every remedy I could hear of and failing to receive any benefit, in 1857 I discovered a remedy, purely vegetable which effected an entire cure, and I have had no return of it.

Anxious to relieve the afflicted and to promote my own benefit, I made public my discovery and had the gratification to know that my remedy cured a large number of persons. My ointment was advertised in the public prints and I met with great success, until the war came on.

By the advice of friends, I have determined again to manufacture the OINTMENT and offer it for sale. Any number of certificates of its value could be obtained if necessary.

Price of box 81, and postage (fifteen cents.) As soon as I can make arrangements I will put it in the hands of the druggists of the State.

Address NEAL BROWN.

Aug. 21 1868, 1mdaw Raleigh, N. C.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assetts exceeding $5,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14-149-tf Ins. Agent.

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the cooperation of Southern Merchants. He is by avoiding himself of the best and most improved machinery prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best price, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price list and compare with your Northern Bills. I will be THERE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

OLD SOUTHAMPTON BRANDY!

4 bbls. of this best of all Brandies, in store,
5 " Common Whiskey.
20 Five gallon kegs old N. C. Whiskey, which we will sell by the package or by the gallon.

Aug. 19-tf B. F. WILLIAMSON.

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables Books,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—tf WM E PELL, Proprietor.

THIEM & MILLER'S

"EXCHANGE."

THE FINEST LAGER BEER AND BILLIARD SALOON in the South, just opened opposite to

TUCKER HALL.

The best WINES, LIQUORS, &c., also to be had at the LOWEST PRICES.

Come one, come all and judge for yourselves Every GENTLEMAN will be waited on with politeness and respect, by

July 28-3m THIEM & MILLER.

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION!

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capital into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. His corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and it sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

MISCELLANEOUS

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE.

DESIROUS of changing my present business, I shall proceed, at once, to sell out my entire stock

AT COST.

with the exception of Heavy Groceries and Liquors.

Will be sold, at cost, all my Fancy Groceries, consisting of

Pickles, Picallilli and Chow, English and American Mustard, in bottles and cans, Sauces; Catsups, Tomatoe, Walnut and Mushroom; Prepared Coffee, Tea, Cocoa; Preserves, Nutmegs, Ginger Spices, Preserved Ginger; Sardines, Mushrooms, in cases, Cocoa, Ess. Vanilla, and Ess. Lemon, Anchovies, Anchovy Paste; Potted Ham; Asparagus, in cans; Oysters in cans; Clams; Salt in boxes and bags; Blacking; Coffee Mills; Hops, Sifters, Cream Tartar, Gelatine, Matches, Snuff Cinnamon Candies in boxes and by the paper; Red Cords, Starch, Calf Skins, Lining Skins, and all kinds of Shoe Findings; Blacking Brushes, Baking Soda, by the keg or pound; a good assortment of Nuts, Cheese, Dried Fruit, Sperm and Adamantine Candles, Maccaroni; Wood and Willow Ware, Pipes; and a good supply of Bagging Rope, which will be sold at PRIME COST.

In fact every thing usually found in a **First Class Grocery Store.**

The above goods will be sold only for cash.

W. ROBT. ANDREWS,
Family Grocer, 26 Fayetteville-st,
Aug. 26.-tf Raleigh, N. C

[COPY]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act;

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,682.

STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS H. FOOTE

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-3ms.

MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE,

THIS Institution, on the Washington & Baltimore Railroad, in Maryland nine miles from Washington City and twenty-eight from Baltimore, will commence its next session, on September 15th.

The President is ADMIRAL FRANKLIN BUCHANAN, late C S N., celebrated for his admirable organization of the Naval School at Annapolis.

Dr. JAMES HOUSTON, for ten years the State Agricultural Chemist of Maryland, is Professor of the Practice and Principles of Agriculture and the Natural Sciences. The Professors in the other chairs are all experienced and successful teachers.

This College offers as favorable opportunities for thorough instruction in all the branches of a complete Classical education as any college in the country, together with complete instruction in Military Tactics, Agricultural Science and Practice.

It has a 250 FARM, GARDEN and ORCHARD attached, under the management of Dr. Higgins, where practical illustration is given in all that pertains to Agriculture, Pomology, Horticulture, &c., &c. The situation is healthy and within three-fourths of a mile from College Station on the Railroad.

TERMS:—$250.00 per session of ten months No extras. Send for circular. Address

PROF. HIGGINS,
Agricultural College P. O.
Prince George Co., Md.

Aug 27-d3m2aw1 Oct 1st

Journal Wilmington, and *Times*, Charlotte, will insert twice a week until Oct 1st., and *Southerner*, Tarboro and *Times*, Greensboro', once a week until same date, and send bills to Dr J. Higgins, as above.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO., 100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family Soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,			$1 25
10	do	do	2 25
50	do kegs	do	10 00
200	do barrels,	do	35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 2 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 5 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, Scratches and Chafes of all kinds. 40 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3.60.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the laundry. Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

SEED WHEAT AND WINTER SEED OATS

100 bushels	Lancaster Red Wheat.	
100	"	Boughton White "
100	"	Pa. Blue Stem "
100	"	Prime Winter Seed Oats.

All of the above I have taken care to select, and can recommend as the best to be had

Sept. 11-tf B. F. WILLIAMSON.

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in this line of business.

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier,

CURES

Scrofula in its Various Forms.

SUCH AS

Consumption in its Earlier stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c

ALSO,

SYPHILIS

IN ALL ITS FORMS

DISEASES OF WOMEN,

Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Back, Depression in Life, Grave.

GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

and all diseases of the

BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS & BLADDER.

It is a Perfect Renovator.

ROSADALIS eradicates every kind of Humor at all times, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

IT is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The constituents of which it is composed are published around each bottle.

Recommended by the Medical Faculty and Many Thousands of our Best Citizens.

For Testimonials from well-known persons, see "ROSADALIS ALMANAC" for the year.

PREPARED ONLY BY

DR J. J. LAWRENCE & CO.
214 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

Jan 31-148-1y

BADGES, FLAGS, &c.

Another Large Invoice of

CAMPAIGN BADGES.

FLAGS! FLAGS!

Cravats with the Likeness of the Presidential Candidates.

To parties, desiring to purchase for RE SALE, great inducements are offered.

Cities supplied at wholesale prices. Send your orders to

W. B. & S. TUCKER & CO,
Iron Front Building
Sept. 4-tf Raleigh.

FLAGS, BADGES, &c.

5000 NATIONAL FLAGS!

COTTON, LINEN AND BUNTING.

ALSO 100,000 Campaign Badges, just arrived At PHIL THIEM'S,
Sept 7-tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE EAGLE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

This is a sprightly Semi-Weekly and Weekly Democratic paper, published at Fayetteville, and takes the place of the *News*. The Editor, "Long Grabs," of the old *Observer*, has taken hold with energy. It is a good advertising sheet. Price, Weekly $3; Semi-Weekly $5 Address

Sept 9-tf M. J. McSWEEN.

GOLDSBORO' NEWS,

GOLDSBORO', N. C

This is a staid and excellent Weekly paper, located in a good Democratic region, and is doing good service for the Democratic cause. It is also an advocate of the cause of Temperance. Its advertising rates are reasonable Price $3 Address

J. B. WHITAKER,
Goldsboro', Sept. 4-tf Proprietor.

Louisburg Female College,

FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

SEED WHEAT AND GRASS SEED!

50 bushels LANCASTER large Red Wheat.
50 do Pennsylvania BLUE STEM WHEAT.
15 do Fresh Red Clover Seed.
15 do Timothy do

These Seed are all FRESH and selected at the North with great care, by myself.

Aug 29-tf B. F. WILLIAMSON.

FOR SALE.

A small HOUSE and LOT, in the North-eastern part of the city. The house contains three rooms and has attached one-fourth of an acre of land. It is the property of a widow lady who desires to remove from the city.

Apply to
Raleigh, Sept. 9-tf ALSEY REVERS.

Losses paid in 30 days. No restrictions on TRAVEL or RESIDENCE.

A GOOD MAN Leaveth an INHERITANCE — UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY — NEW YORK.

No extra charge for Females. No charge for Medical Examinat'n, Policies or stamps.

THE UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Office, No. 30, Liberty Street.

The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company in the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the insurance of first-class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the STOCK system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the MUTUAL, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum assured, which is IMMEDIATE, SECURE and CERTAIN; in lieu of as high rate of premium for a promised dividend which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT, and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance.

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $200 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the "Universal" the sum of $11,751, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a Company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $8,474.

The difference between these sums ($3,277) is exactly the same as an immediate bonus or addition to the policy to be paid by the former office to the holder of the policy in case of the early death of the insured. It is true that if the insured, in an office charging high rates, *live long enough*, and have his periodical dividends added to his policy, the sum may equal or surpass that above named; but it must not be forgotten that the *chances of early death* is the very thing the applicant desires to insure against, and consequently the greater the sum immediately secured, contingent on this event, the greater the advantage to the policy-holder.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty five* per cent in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will secure a policy *thirty three and one-third* per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an *annual cash dividend of thirty three and one-third per cent., payable in advance*, or to a dividend of *forty-five per cent*, payable at the end of five years.

By the *Stock* plan the *full cash effect* of the premium is *immediately* secured to the insured, the Company taking *all* the risk. By the *Mutual* plan, the full value in insurance of the premium paid is *not* secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

Rates to Secure $1.000 at Death.

AGE.	Ordinary Life Rate.	Ten Payments Rate	AGE.	Ordinary Life Rate.	Ten Payments Rate.
25	$14 92	$31 10	45	$28 57	$ 4 61
30	17 01	35 14	50	34 06	50 16
35	19 78	40 53	55	44 38	69 73
40	23 47	47 54	60	60 81	85 80

All the improved descriptions of Life and Endowment Policies issued on the Stock plan at greatly reduced rates.

Policies issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, *guaranteeing* the return of all premiums paid in addition to the amount insured.

Policies issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, *guaranteeing a reduction of fifty per cent* of the premium after the third annual payment.

The undersigned having been appointed General Agents for the States of North and South Carolina, for the above STERLING Company, desire Agents in all the principal towns and sections in said States. To live and energetic Agents, who are WILLING and ANXIOUS to work, liberal terms will be entered into. COMMISSIONS GOOD.

CALDWELL & BRENIZER,
General Agents, Greensboro', N. C.

Sept. 16-3m

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS, LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished by e-mail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., June 23 1868-3m

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868,

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1 tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.

Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.

Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON, } Wilmington, N. C.,
JAS. H. HILL. } No. 39 North Water St.

June 26, 1868-1y

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 21—72-f

Mecklenburg Female College.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Rev. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address

THE PRESIDENT,
July 16-tf Charlotte, N. C.

H. W. BUSTED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS RE-UMED the practice, and will attend the Courts of Wayne, Johnston and Wake, and, also, the Supreme and Federal Courts. His office is at his residence.

Raleigh, Sept. 9-3m

P. A. DUNN, of Wake Co., N. C. | BERNARD TODD, of Petersburg, Va. | JNO. L. REESE, of Baltimore, Special Partner.

DUNN, TODD & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF

Tobacco, Cotton, Grain, Flour, Produce, and Merchandise of every description.

41 South Street, near Exchange Place,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Sept. 5 6m

HENDERSON & CRAWFORD,

GROCERS AND

General Commission Merchants,

SALISBURY, N. C.

WILL give prompt attention to all orders or consignments entrusted to their care.

Aug. 25-1m

Look Out for the Rogue!

A MULATTO, passing "WHITE PLAINS," on Tuesday, the 15th, caught and rode off a horse belonging to my wife.

The Horse is a LIGHT CHESTNUT SORREL, with flax mane and tail—the tail long and heavy, but recently cut at the tip; he has a small star in his forehead, a white spot on his left hind foot, a scar on his left fore knee and a white spot under the mane on his right withers. He is a trotter and when travelling droops his head.

A liberal reward will be given for any information that will lead to the recovery of the horse or the apprehension of the thief.

THOS. G WHITAKER.

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 17-tf

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Lynchburg, on Lumber, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17

FISH! FISH! FISH!

GEO. W. CHARLOTTE, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

BEAUFORT, N. C.

ALL KINDS OF FISH purchased and packed to order, in kegs, half bbls., or bbls.

All letters promptly answered.

Cash must accompany all orders.

Sept. 9-1m